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Liberals Feel Bitter At Leaders' Detention

Demand Release Of Congress Cabinet Members And Early End Of Indian Deadlock

LAHORE, MARCH 18,(A.P.I.)

Resolutions urging the British Government to form a National Government at the Centre, deploring the continuance of the political deadlock in India and asking the Govt. of India to release the members of the Congress Working Committee and the other Congress leaders were adopted at the second open sitting of the National Liberal Federation of India today.

Mr. B. L. Rallia Ram moving the main resolution on the political situation strongly protested against the "sit-tight" policy of the British Government and said that all are agreed that the question of self-Government for India can no longer be postponed. He said it was Government's responsibility to resolve the deadlock.

Principal C. L. Anand seconding the resolution said Britain must confer Dominion Status on India.

Mr. M. D. Altekar said it was a big joke to be told that we must come to an agreement. It was merely an excuse on the part of the British Government not to part with power. He said that the British instead of deploring the deadlock seemed to be exultant over it. An agreed solution was impossible so long as there was a third powerful party to disturb it. The resolution was passed.

RELEASE LEADERS

Speaking on the resolution demanding the release of Congress leaders, moved by Mr. S. M. Habib, Mr. Kodanda Rao said the release of Congress leaders was essential for a solution of the deadlock. It was extremely unwise on the part of Government to keep them in continued detention. He said: "We, Liberals, feel very bitter indeed at their incarceration. Even if there was some justification for their detention in 1942 there is none today. Congress leaders must be released to take part in the public life of the country and in post-war development. Government must not be guided by a desire for revenue and thus crush the spirit of the people."

Mr. Burjor Shroff (Bombay) said the British Government had locked up the conscience by locking up the Congress leaders in jail. He wondered why Lord Wavell had not yet opened the mental bag he had brought from London. He maintained that it was in the interests of the British Commonwealth to release the national leaders.

RECALL HIGH COMMISSIONER

The Federation also passed a resolution demanding for Indians in South Africa full citizenship rights. Deploring the failure of the Government of the Union of South Africa to abolish the Pegging Act the resolution stated in part: "In view of the uncompromising attitude of the Government of South Africa towards this legitimate demand of India, this Federation feels that it was a mistake on the part of the Government of India to have sent the High Commissioner to South Africa and it urges the Government of India to recall the High Commissioner forthwith and to adopt all fiscal and commercial sanctions against South Africa until the Pegging Act is abolished."

Sir Cowasji Jehangir moving the resolution said India was unanimously agreed on this question. Urging economic sanctions against South Africa, Sir Cowasji said our countrymen in South Africa were prepared to undergo the hardships and losses following the application of such a measure against the South African Government. As a matter of fact they themselves had suggested this. A certain amount of inconvenience might be caused to some industries in this country with regard to imports of certain things from South Africa, but this was a question of the honour of our country and no small considerations should come in our way.

Resolutions on the success of Allied arms, misuse of the Defence of India Rules, racial discrimination, Self-Government in Indian States, recruitment to Indian Services, food situation, and India's defence services were also passed by the Federation.

The Federation elected the following as general secretaries for 1945: Prof. M. D. Altekar, Mr. Naushir Bharucha, Mr. E. Vinayaka Row, and Mr. N. K. Balasubramania Iyer.

NO ALL-INDIA CONGRESS OR KISAN ORGANISATION

So Long As Congress President Is In Jail, Warns Mahatma

BEZWADA March 18. (A. P. I.): Mr. A. Kaleswara Rao, former Chief Parliamentary Secretary, Madras, who led the Andhra Deputation that waited on Mahatma Gandhi recently, returned to Bezwada this morning from Sevagram.

In an interview to the A. P. of India, he said that the formation of a Congress Ministry ov Dr. Khan Sahib in the N.-W. F. Province was only an isolated act necessitated by the special conditions prevailing in that province.

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It was done probably also with a view to rescue that province "from communal fanaticism which the Muslim League Ministry in office was trying to spread", and to re-establish the influence of the Congress there fully.

"But", adds Mr. Kaleswara Rao "it does not mean a reversal of the policy of the Congress legislators in other provinces not to form Ministries till the Congress Working Committee members are released and a settlement is made by the British Government with them by way of establishing a real National Government at the centre".

Mahatma Gandhi is reported to have told the Andhra and Tamil Nad deputationists during their recent interview with him, that neither an All-India Congress nor an All-India Kisan organisation should be formed so long as the Congress President and Working Committee Members are in detention.

But in regard to an all-India labour organisation, Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, the Labour leader of Ahmedabad, is reorganising the Hindustan Mazdoor Sangh under his (Mahatma Gandhi's) direction and is in correspondence with leaders of various provinces to select members of an All-India Committee.

It is learnt that Mr. Nanda has written to Mr. V. V. Giri, ex-Labour Minister and Mr. A. Kaleswara Rao, ex-Parliamentary Secretary, Madras, in this connection. The Labour Sub-Committee of the Andhra Provincial Congress Assembly is expected to meet shortly to consider this matter.

Mikado To Tour Tokyo Blitzed Areas

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18 (A.P.A.): A Tokyo broadcast today recorded by the American Office of War Information reported Emperor Hirohito has "suddenly announced a desire to visit the bombed areas of Tokyo."

Ministerial Prospects In C. P.

NAGPUR, March 17 (U.P.I.): The advent of the Congress Ministry in the North-West Frontier Province seems to have created fresh hopes here that very soon the Congress Ministry in C. P. may be back to office.

Some Congress M.L.A.'s are planning to wait in a deputation on Mahatma Gandhi in this connection.

There is a proposal to hold a meeting of the Congress Assembly Party at Nagpur. It is stated that since the members of the Congress Working Committee are being transferred to their respective provinces, their releases may be hastened with the return of popular ministers to the office.—

"Govt. Must Accept Gandhiji's Offer"

LAHORE, March 17.—Regret that Mahatma Gandhi had not been invited to the San Francisco Conference and that the Indian delegation to it consists solely of men "who do not enjoy the full confidence" of the Indian people was expressed by the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Lala Ram Saran Das, member of the Council of State, Chairman of the Reception Committee, welcoming the delegates to the 25th session of the National Liberal Federation of India.

"Since we met last," he said, "the war situation has greatly improved for the Allies and complete victory seems to be a matter of weeks or months. The defeat of the Axis powers will be welcomed in India with sincere gratification and without any reservation.

Rai Bahadur Lala Ram Saran Das referred to the negotiations of Mahatma Gandhi with the Viceroy and Mr. Jinnah and said that it is great misfortune that the Government did not grasp the hand of fellowship offered by the Mahatma.—A.P.

MERZIG FALLS TO ALLIES

Rhine Bridge At Remagen Collapses

S.H.A.E.F (Paris), March 18 (Reuter).—The Allies have captured Merzig, 30 miles north-west of Saarbrucken and 12 miles south of Saarburg, in a joint "squeeze" by the United States Third and Seventh Armies on the Saar-Moselle-Rhine triangle. This has cost the Germans a valuable anchor at the west end of their Saar line.

At the same time General Patton has thrown another armoured division into the battle making a total of four exploiting the turmoil behind the Germans' Saar defence line.

South of Coblenz, General Patton's tanks are deep behind the German line at its northern end and have probably made considerable progress, eastward since they reported yesterday at the Nahe river, 20 miles west of Mainz.

The 90th Infantry has cleared Boppard, eight miles south of Coblenz, and General Patton's forces now are holding a one-mile stretch on the west bank of the Rhine from Boppard south-east to Oberwessel.

The Ludendorf Bridge over the Rhine at Remagen collapsed and fell into the river at 3 p.m. G.M.T. on Saturday. A pontoon bridge has been in operation for the past few days.

Reuter adds, the Remagen Railway bridge across the Rhine, about 11 miles south of Bonn, was the main link between General Hodges' Army on the west bank of the Rhine and the now extensive bridgehead on the east bank.

The collapse of the bridge will not seriously embarrass the 14 by 7 1/2 mile bridgehead held by the Allies on the east bank of the Rhine.

Arab League

FIRST STEP TO CLOSER UNION

CAIRO, Saturday: The Preparatory Council of the Arab League held its first meeting this evening with the Egyptian Prime Minister Nokrashy Pasha presiding.

In his opening speech, Prime Minister Nokrashy said that they met to draw up the final convention for the Arab Union draft which had compiled by the Preparatory Commission.

Referring to the desire of Arab countries to consolidate the brotherhood existing between them by formal consent, the Prime Minister said "this will be the first step towards more complete co-operation and closer union."—Reuter.

Final Constitution Of Arab League

CAIRO, March 18 (Reuter).—After a four-hour meeting under the Presidency of Nokrashy Pasha, the Preparatory Committee of the Arab League today approved the Constitution of the Arab League which will be signed by all the delegates on Monday morning. The Arab League, thus finally constituted will meet for the first time on Tuesday morning.

AMERICANS INVADE BASILAN ISLAND

From Reuter's special correspondent, General MacArthur's Headquarters, MANILA (Sunday): In support of operations in the Zamboanga area on Mindanao Island, American forces landed on Basilan Island on Friday morning, it was announced to-day. They secured a good beachhead on the north-east coast.

Basilan is the northernmost island in the Sulu Archipelago, guarding the southern approaches of Zamboanga.

C. R'S. STATEMENT SUPPRESSED IN U. S.

Singh Calls Viceroy's Appointees Titled Collaborationists

NEW YORK, March 18 (Reuter): Sirdar J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America, made public a statement by Mr. Rajagopalachariar criticising the appointments of India's delegates to the San Francisco Conference and calling for its reconsideration.

Sirdar Singh said that the statement "was made four days ago but so far it had been suppressed."

As issued by Sirdar Singh it declares: "I have no reason to doubt that Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar and Sir Firoz Khan Noon would gladly surrender their places to the leaders of the Congress and the Muslim League if even now the error was rectified. The Congress and the League have been acting in close co-opueration and inflicting defeat after defeat upon the Governor-General-in-Council on major issues, which, in any democratic country would have resulted in immediate resignation of the Government."

Sirdar Singh commented today: "The San Francisco conference will be a building on the foundation of sand if it accepts the Viceroy's appointees. These titled collaborationists have no following whatever anywhere in India and the Indian Government with popular support may very well repudiate them.

"Sunday Times" Features Karaka's Interview

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, March 18.

This morning "The Sunday Times" prominently features Mr. D. F. Karaka's interview with Mr. Amery. A two-column headline facing the editorial page reads: "Mr. Amery on Indian Deadlock". —"A Hint to Mr. Gandhi".

The introduction reads: "In view of the recent suggestions which have been made for ending the deadlock in India, considerable interest attaches to the interview by Mr. D. F. Karaka for the "Bombay Chronicle" with Mr. Amery, Secretary of State for India."

The interview is then substantially reproduced.

60,000 Japs Killed

ADVANCED HEADQUARTERS, ALFSEA, March 18 (Reuter).—More than 60,000 Japanese have been killed in the 1944-45 battle of Burma according to an Indian Army observer who comments: "The entry into Manday emphasises anew our immense inroad into Japanese resources. Some of the most famous Japanese divisions have been hurled back crippled, thousands of tons of equipment have been captured and enemy morale and proganda have suffered heavy batterings."

Japs Mass 150,000 Men In Shanghai-Ningpo Region

CHUNGKING, March 16, (A.P.A.): The Japanese have massed 150,000 troops in the Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo region in preparation of feared American landings on the Asiatic mainland, a Chinese army spokesman said today.

Other defensive measures such as the erection of fortifications have been completed in that area, the spokesman said, and similar defences have been reported completed in the Hongkong-Canton region.

The Japanese have started defence installations in the Foochow-Fukien area but have not yet completed them, he said.

The Japanese are pouring troops into northern French Indo-China from the Hunan-Kwangsi railway region to forestall possible American landings in Indo-China, he said, but pointed out that these might be used for a drive on Kunming up the Yunan railway.

The spokesman estimated the Japanese already have five or six divisions in northern Indo-China.

SENAPATI BAPAT TRANSFERRED

AKOLA, March 17: Senapati P. M. Bapat, who is undergoing one year's imprisonment in connection with a prejudicial speech, has been transferred from the Akola District Jail to the Amraoti Central Prison. Mr. V. P. Bapat interviewed his father in the Amraoti Prison yesterday.—United Press.

DETENUS TO BE TRANSFERRED TO THEIR DISTRICTS

LUCKNOW, March 17.

It is learnt that 28 security prisoners are being transferred to their respective districts from the Lucknow Central Prison. It is understood that similar transfers are being made in case of other security prisoners lodged in different prisons all over the province.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

CHINESE SUCCESS NEAR HENGYANG

CHUNGKING, March 18 (Reuter): Chinese troops in Hunan Province have smashed their way into the town of Anjen, 38 miles south-east of the railway junction of Hengyang, states a Chinese War 'communique.' Another force continues to hammer at the outskirts of Kanchow town and airbase east of the Canton-Hankow railway.

KEITEL FOR STOCKHOLM?

Nazis May Make Overtures To Russians

LONDON, March 18 (A.P.A.)—The "Sunday Despatch's" diplomatic correspondent takes a double negative view of the latest vague report that Germany is seeking to make peace with the Allies.

In response to reports that Field Marshal Keitel may arrive at any moment in Stockholm, the British Foreign Office reasons that should this be true, which is doubtful, it is extremely unlikely that Keitel or any other military figure would be in a position to undertake real peace negotiations, the "Dispatch" said.

The newspaper adds that following an abortive peace move in Stockholm by a Ribbentrop Emissary there will be further attempts probably by military leaders to the Russians.

The main object of these German moves is in the belief held by Germany's rulers that anything short of total destruction of Nazidom, the German General Staff and the German war potential would be a salvaged victory for Germany, the "Despatch" said.

Allied commanders will not entertain any kind of a "Deal," it was added.

Only Through Eisenhower

"Globe" adds: New developments in the sensational "peace move" story from Stockholm occurred today with a report from the Swedish capital that Von Ribbentrop and Field Marshal Keitel, German military Chief-of-Staff, are expected to arrive there. No reasons are given for the visit.

In any case, it is pointed out in London that no negotiations with Ribbentrop would be considered by the Allies in view of their decision to accept only unconditional surrender. The only acceptable "approach" would be unqualified surrender and admission of defeat by the German armed forces through General Eisenhower.

Such a general as Keitel might conceivably qualify as spokesman for making such a surrender.

Himmler's Threat To Front Line Troops

MOSCOW, (Saturday): Himmler has issued a new order that all front line troops found away from their units are to be hanged within two hours.

When the Red Army entered a German town, it finds German soldiers "dangling in the wind."—Reuter.

2,000 Aircraft Bomb Berlin

LONDON, March 18 (A.P.A.): More than 1,500 American heavy bombers screened by 700 fighters paraded for an hour over Berlin today in record strength unloading 30-ton salvoes of bombs every 30 or 40 seconds on railway yards near the heart of the city and the vast armamenits plants in the industrial suburbs.

About 12,400 high explosive bombs, many of them 1,000-pounders, and 650 small incendiaries cascaded on the rail objectives in the mid-day assault.

Before the Berlin bombers had returned to British bases, an R.A.F. armada of probably 400 Lancasters attacked two Ruhr benzol plants between the "dead cities" of Essen and Dortmund.

Cinegoers In North England Town Killed In Raid

LONDON, March 18 (A.P.A.): Anti-personnel bombs dropped by German raiders on a North England town last night killed several persons among the audience leaving a cinema and caused some casualities in the same town on a roadway.

Swedish Minister To Japan Decorated

NEW YORK, March 18 (A.P.A.)—Emperor Hirohito has decorated Widar Bagge, Swedish Minister to Japan, "in recognition of his contribution toward the promotion of amicable relations between Sweden and Japan", a Domei despatch said today in a broadcast recorded by the Federal Communications Commission.

It said that Hirohito had given Bagge the "First Order of Merit with the order of the Sacred Treasure.

JAP WAY OF INCREASING PRODUCTION

All Educational Institutions To Close On April 1 For Year!

LONDON, March 18 (Reuter).—The Japanese News Agency states that the Japanese Government has announced in the Diet its intention to close all schools, colleges and universities for a year, beginning from April 1, apart from first-grade in national schools," as a measure of closely linking all students with national defence and to mobilize them for production to cope with the current war situation."

SPANIARDS WANT WAR WITH JAPAN

MADRID, March 18 (A.P.A.): As Spaniards talked publicly of the possibility of war with Japan, the Spanish Foreign Minister, Jose de Lequerica, cut short his Columbus anniversary tour of southern Andalusia and flew back to Madrid yesterday for a conference with the American Ambassador, Norman Armour.

Echoing the sentiments of the people, the Spanish Press gave special prominence to articles by their correspondents in the United States on Japanese atrocities in the Philippines, especially the raiding of the Spanish consulate at Manila.

D M. GANDHI ARRESTED

KOLHAPUR, March 16 (U.P.I.) Mr. Dattatraya Mahadeo Gandhi who was wanted by the Ratnagiri police for alleged subversive activities was arrested by the Kolhapur police.

REDS TAKE KOLBERG AND BRANDENBURG

Stage Set For Resumed Soviet Drive Towards West

MOSCOW, March 18, (Reuter):

The Red Army has taken a big new step in its efforts to wipe out the trapped German Forces in East Prussia south-west of Koenigsberg.

The Soviet "communique" tonight announced the capture of Brandenburg which was a fortified town 10 miles from Koenigsberg on the coast road between that City and Elbing.

Marshal Stalin announced in an Order of the Day tonight that the Red Army has captured Kolberg on the Baltic coast of Pommerania.

The stage is being set to-day after complete failure of the German counter-offensive in western Hungary for a resumed drive to the west.

Vienna, Prague and Trieste gap are likely to be the objectives. Before them lies the country to which the Germans have transferred dozens of their main industrial plants.

Considerable groups of Wehrmacht as well as large areas of German-held territory would be menaced by Soviet pincers move from the Czech north and south frontiers and a push within striking distance of Vienna, would remove Hitler's last hope of a stand in the south.

The struggle on Marshal Zhukov's front is increasing in bitterness as the Germans see their East Prussia grouping going down and the menace to Stettin increasing daily.

Stettin is protected by the broad stretches of the Oder estuary and other water barriers and presents no easy objective for the storming force but loss of the remaining German bridgehead on the east bank—which now seems imminent—will place the city and port under threat of Sudden Soviet landing at any time.

RUSSO-JAP PACT MAY NOT BE RENEWED?

LONDON, March 18 (U. P. I.): Russian reports reaching London via Washington suggest that Marshal Stalin and his Government have made up their mind not to renew the Soviet-Japanese neutrality pact which expires on April 25. But it is regarded as too premature to construe this as the Soviet leaders' desire to declare war against Japan. Some realistic Russians believe that the Soviet Union can easily get back Port Arthur which she lost to Japan in 1904 without going to war. They think diplomatic pressure will be enough for this purpose.

According to an unconfirmed report the journey to home of Naotaka Sato, the Japanese ambassador in Moscow, may have something to do with a peace move.

ENCIRCLEMENT OF MANDALAY

14th Army Pincers Closing All Jap Ways Of Escape

A.D. HQ., ALFSEA, March 17.

Fourteenth Army's pincers have begun to snap on Mandalay. Britain and Indian troops have completely surrounded the town and are closing up all the Japanese ways of escape to the south, writes Donagh MacDonagh, A. P. I. war correspondent.

There is evidence that the defenders of the city are trying to withdraw through the few gaps left open before the ring closes.

Nineteenth Indian Division delivered a left hook by swinging east of the town to close the escape lines to the east and south while the British Second and Indian 20th Division pushing out from their bridgehead west of Mandalay are cutting the Japanese off from the south and south-west.

Inside the city, Japanese disorganisation is growing more obvious. Their resistance is considerably weaker although in parts it is still stubborn.

There has been little Japanese activity observable inside fort Dufferin.

In the Meiktila area, 80 miles south of Mandalay, Japanese opposition is still increasing. They put in their most determined counter-attacks yet. All the assaults were beaten off with heavy casualties.

ALLIES REACH AVA BRIDGE

The well-known Ava 6,000 feet bridge over the Irrawaddy, south-west of Mandalay, was reached this morning in a rapid move by forces of the 33rd Corps, writes D. O' Beirne, A. P. I. war correspondent with the 33rd Corps.

Indian troops on the north bank pushing down the main road occupied Sagaing town, on the river bank directly opposite Mandalay in the corner of the Irrawaddy elbow.—A. P.

800 U. S. PLANES RAID KYUSHU

1,45,000 Japs Dead Or Captured In Luzon

TOKYO, March 18 (Reuter).—The Japanese News Agency quoting a Japanese Imperial Headquarters 'communique' issued at 1-30 p.m. (Tokyo Time) says today that American carrier planes are attacking southern and eastern Kyushu in waves.

The 'communique' said, "Carrier planes from an enemy task force which appeared in the waters south-east of Kyushu have been attacking southern and eastern Kyushu in waves since shortly after 6 a.m. today."

The Tokyo Radio reports that 800 carrier borne Allied planes took part in this morning's attack on the island of Kyushu—the southern island of the main Japanese chain.

"The enemy carrier force attacked our local airports on Kyushu, in successive waves after six o'clock this morning", the Radio said.

ONE QUARTER OF BOUGAINVILLE IN ALLIED HANDS

MELBOURNE.—Australian troops now control one quarter of Bougainville island in the Solomons.

On the remaining three-quarters there are 15,000 Japanese who are suffering heavy losses through disease, malnutrition and lack of adequate medical supplies, said an official R.A.F. statement issued here.

"Official estimates of Japanese casualties since the Australians took over Bougainville are 2,000 including 1,209 dead."

JAP LOSSES IN LUZON

The "Associated Press of America" adds: Japan lost 145,000 troops dead or captured in the first nine weeks of the Luzon campaign, making a total of 282,000 for the entire Philippines operation covering five months, a 'communique' said today. American losses in the same five months were 3,813 killed, 196 missing and 14,576 wounded.

INDUSTRIAL OSAKA ABLAZE

(From Reuter's special correspondent. 21st Bomber Command Hq., Guam (Saturday): Almost eight square miles of industrial Osaka were burned out in Wednesday's "Superfort" attack on this centre of Japanese war industry, General Curtis LeMay, 21st bomber group commander, reported to the chief of the United States Army Air Forces, General H. H. Arnold, today.

General Lemay based his statement on reconnaissance photographs taken yesterday. Osaka, sometimes described as "hellishly inflammable", suffered the loss of a leading factory producing leather belting and a key machinetool factory as well as the crippling of its main transport lines. —Reuter.

1,400 CARRIER-BASED PLANES RAID SOUTHERN JAPAN

NEW YORK, March 18 (Reuter): The Tokyo Radio heard in the United States said that some 1,400 American carrier planes raided southern Japan for at least eight hours today concentrating on airfields.

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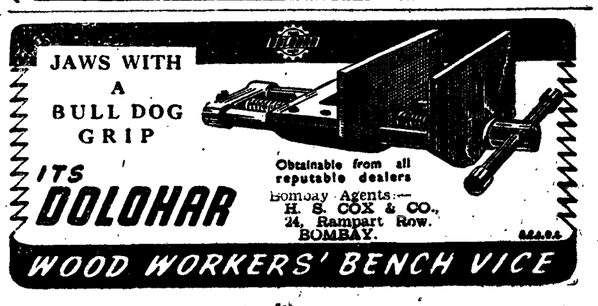


"Down With Colour Bar In British Colonies"

Primate Commends Missionary Societies Conference Appeal

London (Monday) Reuter:

A strong appeal for removal of colour bar in British colonies was made today, (Monday) by the conference of missionary societies in Great Britain and Ireland.

The Executive Committee of the British Council of Churches associates itself with the missionary societies' statement of policy on Colour Bar and racial discrimination in dependent territories, and the Archbishop of Canterbury, Doctor G. J. Fisher, commends it "with all my heart."

The conference expresses deep thankfulness for the repeated affirmation of responsible statesmen of the United Nations that there must be full freedom of opportunity for all peoples of the world without discrimination on racial grounds. It affirms that prevention of spread of such discrimination and speedy elimination of it where it exists are obligations not only of common justice but also of Christian faith which holds that mankind was made in the image of God and that all men, whether coloured or white, are of equal worth in the sight of God.

"DOWN WITH ARTIFICIAL BARRIERS"

"The conference therefore urges that the British people, who, through parliament are ultimately responsible for he administration of British colonies overseas, should not tolerate in those colonies any artificial barriers to the progress and prosperity of native inhabitants and should support all Government efforts to remove them."

"According to clear evidence, such barriers at present exist. In northern Rhodesia, colour bar maintained by White trade unions prevents employment of Africans on railways or in mines on other than lowpaid unskilled work."

"Similar colour bar, more extensive in scope, particularly in municipal areas, is firmly established in southern Rhodesia which, though otherwise in effect an independent dominion, still requires the formal sanction of the Crown for Legislation affective native interests."

The exclusion of Africans in South Rhodesia and Kenya from large areas of their own country and the hardship occasioned by pass laws are further examples of discrimination which are bound to be attributed to racial prejudice."

"CRUEL AND DANGEROUS"

The statement also endorses the words of the episcopal synod of the curches of the province of South Africa affirming that the effect of colour prejudice is "cruel, wasteful and dangerous."

The Archbishop of Canterbury, presiding at the Press conference where the statement was presented, gave three reasons why he commended the statement saying: "It is the right principle because it is the principle of the Christians and Christian morals, and that is always the way of disdom and rightness. It is fundamentally the principle of this country and its whole political development, and we cannot abrogate that policy. It is morally and politically always expedient in the long run."

The statemen is being sent to every member of the Commons and Lords.

BENGAL FORMS KASTURBA COMMITTEE

CALCUTTA, March 17: Bengal Provincial Committee of the Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Fund was formed to-day with Dr. P. C. Ghosh as President. Other office-bearers include Mrs. Saudamini Mehta, Vice-President, Mr. J. M. Dutta, Secretary, Miss Labanya Lata Chanda, Joint Secretary, and Dr. B. C. Roy, Mrs. Satis Das Gupta, Mr. Basantlal Murarka, Mr. Nandlal Bose, Mr. Rezaul Karim, Mr. Dhren Mukerjee, Dr. Maitreya, Bose Mrs. Charu Prov Sen, Mrs. Rsnuka Ray, Mrs. Sarala Dev, Mrs. Saraubala Sen and Miss Smatus Salam.

It is understood that a comprehensive scheme is under preparation for the work of the Committee in the Bengal villages.—United Press.

King To Visit S. Africa

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, March 17.

It is understood His Majesty the King may visit South Africa after the conclusion of the European war. This will be His Majesty's first visit to that dominion.

MR. M. YUNUS OF PATNA

PATNA, March 17 (A.P.I.)—Mr. M. Yunus, ex-Premier and a Member of the Sapru Conciliation Committee who had been ill for about two months has now recovered and is expected to attend the final meetings of the Committee at Delhi.

PLACE OF VILLAGE IN INDIA'S CULTURE

Rural People's Society Criticises Bombay Plan

NEW DELHI, March 17 (A. P.):

Prof. N. G. Ranga, presiding over the first meeting of the newly-formed Indian Rural People's Society, expressed the hope that the society would provide the much-needed common platform or all hose who were genuinely interested in the welfare of the rural masses irrespective of party affiliations. He emphasised tha the task ahead of the society was difficult and said that the Bombay planners, who had already got one of them appointed as the planning member of the Government of India, were interested in "commandeering all our post-war economic resources for the development of their large-scale industry so that it would be possible for them to gain not only economic power but also political power. Our plans are different. We want them to be centred upon the village."

Mr. Sri Prakasa, Mr. Ananga Mohan Dam and Mr. Rangiah Naidu spoke on the importance of the village in the economic and cultural life of India.

The meeting passed a resolution criticising the Bombay Plan and expressed the view that a really progressive and just plan could be based only on the village and the peasant and the rationalised and "co-operatised" cottage industries and also socialised basic and key industries."

The meeting decided to publish from Delhi a weekly named "Rural Peoples."

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum and Mr. Hussain Imam are vice-presidents and Mr. G. V. Deshmukh—and Sardar Mangal Singh are secretaries of the society.

Post-War Educational Plan For U. P.

LUCKNOW, March 17.

Post-war educational plans for the United Provinces were discussed and tentative decisions taken at a conference held at Government House, Lucknow, today. Sir Maurice Hallet, Governor of U.P., presided.

The Governor, addressing the conference said, the U. P. Government would have at their disposal roughly Rs. 125 crores to be spent on post-war schemes in the first five years. Of this sum, Rs. 47 crores would come from the Central Government and the remainder from loans and balances already accumulating from provincial revenues.

Expenditure on post-war schemes included Rs. 60 crores on road programme, Rs 22 crores on agricultural improvement irrigation and hydro-electric projects.

Rs. 12-1/2 crores would be available for postwar educational development.

The Secretary, Education Department, speaking on the Government's educational plan said that the Government accepted the Sargent Plan and had drafted their schemes on those lines.—A. P.

An Avenging Fish Of Ceylon

COLOMBO, March 13 (A.P.I.): The story off how a little helpless fish avenged itself on its captor has been received from a village near Galle. The fish had just been unhooked from the line and was wriggling between the teeth of the fisherman, while the latter was busy fixing the bait on another line, when suddenly it slipped into his mouth and down his throat, killing the fisherman.

A verdict of dath by disadventure was given at the inquest.

BLACK FLAG GREETS HINDU LAW CODE COMMITTEE

LAHORE, March 16: The members of the Hindu Law Code Committee who arrived in Lahore this morning were greeted with black flag demonstration at the railway station by about 200 Hindus including a number of women. The demonstrators while shouting "Rao Committee Go Back" forcibly entered the compartment occupied by the members of the Committee.

ALIBAG SCHOOLS CLOSE DUE TO PLAGUE EPIDEMIC

An Alibag correspondent writes:—"The K.E.S. Industrial High School and the Girls' school, Alibag, will remain close till April 1, 1945, on account of the epidemic of plague, and will reopen on Monday April 2, as usual.

POLICE PATELS NO MORE SERVANTS OF CROWN

Allowed Opportunities For Election To Local Bodies

The Bombay Village Panchayats (Amendment) Act of 1945, having received the assent of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, is published in the "Bombay Government Gazette" dated March 15.

By the new measure, the original Act is amended to provide that revenue and police patels should be ex-officio members of village panchayats as the revenue and police patels can do much to advance local institutions in rural areas and it is in the interest of local bodies that they should participate in their administration.

It is proposed to provide that revenue or police patels or inferior village servants shall not be deemed to be servants of the Crown within the meaning of section 8 (J) of the Act.

EXEMPTED FROM LEVY.

The Government considered it desirable to exempt buildings used for religious, educational or charitable purposes from the levy of the house tax, as such a tax was likely to cause widespread dissatisfaction and prejudice the main purpose of the Act—namely, to foster the peaceful development of representative government in the smaller units of local self-Government. Similarly, it was thought desirable to exempt from the house tax buildings belonging to the Government, local boards and panchayats and used solely for public purposes and those of a capital value of less than Rs. 100 or an annual letting value of Rs. 5 or less.

The Government decided to amend the Act so as to provide for exemption from the levy of the tax by village panchayats upon the owners or occupiers of houses and lands under sub-section (1) of section 89 of the Act. The Act has also been amended for the purpose of granting necessary exemptions from the levy of certain other taxes or fees mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 89.

PROVISION FOR COLLECTION.

Under the Act, when any tax or fee has become due, a panchayat is required to cause to be presented to the person liable for the payment a bill for the amount due from him.

The Amended Act provides for the effective presentation of bills and writs of demand.

Bombay Government Gazette

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

Mr. J. B. T. Brooks, C.I.E., Chief Conservator of Foresis, is granted leave on average pay for six months ex-India, preparatory to retirement from 13th April, 1945.

Mr. V. T. Dehejia, I.C.S., to officiate as Collector of Kaira vice Mr. H. A. G. Acton, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Rao Bahadur P. L. Benni, Supply Officer, Dharwar, to officiate as Collector of Ratnagiri, vice Mr. B. P. Patel, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. V. M. Joshi, I.C.S., to be Assistant Collector, Godhra Prant, up to 28th February, 1945, and to officiate as Collector of Panch Mahals, from 1st March, 1945.

Mr. P. A. Bhatt, Mamlatdar, Dhanduka, to officiate as District Deputy Collector, Viramgam Prant, vice Mr. S. B. Kazi.

Mr. S. B. Kazi, on relief, to be District Deputy Collector, Surat, vice Mr. G. D. Jadhav.

Mr. G. D. Jadhav, on relief, to be District Deputy Collector, Southern Prant, Surat.

Mr. M. K. Jadhav, on relief to be District Deputy Collector, Kaira, vice Mr. T. M. Chaudhari, appointed on special duty for taluka planning in Bulsar Taluka, Surat District.

Voluntary Basis In Wheat Levy Scheme

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, March 17.

It has been declared in a press note issued by the District Magistrate that wheat from villages of Dholka and Dhandhuka talukas, where 66 p. c. or more of acreage is under wheat, will be purchased on the voluntary basis. It must be remembered in this connection that the recommendation made by the District Authorities for voluntary purchase under the levy scheme has been accepted by Government.

Adhiki Fair At Pandharpur

In view of the food supply difficulties likely to be created by the influx of a large concourse of pilgrims for the ensuing Adhiki Fair at Pandharpur, which is a fully rationed town, the Government of Bombay has restricted the issue of rail tickets to pilgrims intending to travel to Pandharpur between March 21 and 25 (both days inclusive). Persons proposing to travel by the G.I.P. Railway between Sholapur and Kurduwadi and via and between Diksal and Kurduwadi and via and also to stations on the Barsi Light Railway will not be carried on any railway between these dates unless the railway administration is satisfied that the persons are proceeding to any of these stations otherwise than for the purpose of taking part in the Adhiki Fair at Pandharpur.

Standing Committee Of Central Legislators?

NEW DELHI, March 17 (U.P.I.):

It is learnt that a standing committee of the members of the Central Legislature is being constituted to advise the External Affairs Department. I nview of the criticisms made on the floor of the House on several occasions it has been decided to constitute standing committees of all departments of the Government of India. The External Affairs however are independent of the Government of India and are under the direct control of His Excellency the Governor-General.

It is understood that the standing committee will advise the External Affairs Department particularly on matters concerning British Baluchistan and the Tribunal areas.

A motion for constitution of the committee is expected to be made by the Foreign Secretary in the Central Assembly next week.

MADRAS, March 17: Lakshmikantam murder case will be the first case to be tried at the ensuing criminal sessions of the Madras High Court commencing on April 2 presided over by Mr. Justice Mockett.—A. P.

REORGANISATION OF VILLAGE-LIFE

An Appeal From Central Rural Uplift Association

Mr. D. K. Parvate, Secretary, Central Rural Uplift Association (45, Ahmed Sailor Chawl No. 3, Naigaum Dadar, Bombay 14) writes:—

Progressing consistently since 1941, whose registered name is Madhyavarti Gramseva Mandali, is at present carrying on village uplift and service work in more than 50 villages and Kolhapur State, and the work is spreading rapidly to other districts. The scope of work is defined as "Mass Education In Its Widest Sense" and "Reorganization of Village Life". The working policy of the Association, in brief, is:—

(a) To pay simultaneous attention to the intensity and expansion of work.

(b) To co-ordinate the workers and the institutions working in the cause of rural uplift, and to help and encourage them.

(c) To train rural workers.

(d) To create new centres of rural uplift.

(e) To create an ambition among the villagers for better farming, better business, and better living. Also to awaken among them an idea of their rights and duties.

(f) To act as intermediaries between the villagers and the different nation-building departments of Government, and local bodies. Also to mould Governmental programmes so as to better serve the interests of the masses.

(g) To establish and make effective in every village, a Village Assembly, with a few sub-committees to look after Minimising of Litigation, Agricultural Improvement, Cattle Improvement, Cottage Industries, Sanitation, Medical Relief, Educational Improvement, Libraries, Co-operative sale and purchase, Gymnasiums, and Scouting, etc.

(h) To make every rural uplift centre fully self-supporting in due course.

The Association is fortunate in securing the co-operation of Mr. S. D alias Nanasaheb Nagpurkar, M. Ag., (the disciple of Dr. Harold Mann, the Ex-Director of Agriculture, Bombay Government), and a number of other workers who have devoted their life-time to this work and secured invaluable experience.

MULTI-PURPOSE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

Until now, due to efforts of these workers, in several places, better seed has been sown, better crops grown, more land brought under cultivation, village-approach roads constructed with collective labour, primary schools started and maintained, spread of cattle epidemic brought under control, food supplied to hundreds starving, and a number of other local grievances—big and small—remedied effectively through successful representation to Government authorities. Similarly, several multi-purpose co-operative societies and Village Assemblies have been formed and looked after, thus preparing village people for self-government on really democratic lines. These latter have in many cases through handling of the distribution of food-grains, kerosene, sugar etc. been instrumental in eliminating the middleman and black-marketing.

It should be obvious from the above, all comprehensive nature of the Association, imparting to the masses, Education in its widest sense.

To extend this work to other districts, the Association is badly in need of funds.

We, therefore, appeal to the public to extend their generous help towards the sacred cause.

Demand For Replacement Of Bengal Ministry

DACCA, March 17 (A.P.I.)—A resolution criticising both the Central and the Provincial Governments for the unprecedented cloth famine in Bengal was passed at an extraordinary meeting of the Dacca Bar Association today.

The meeting requested the Governor of Bengal to replace the present ministry by a "new competent ministry and save the people before it is too late, in view of the utterly hopeless way in which the present Cabinet has bungled and mismanaged the distribution of cloth as revealed in the press and legislature."

House Rent Control In Baroda

BARODA, March 17 (A.P.I.)—The Baroda Government have widened the House Rent Control Order widening the definition of the term 'House' which will now include residential as well as non-residential buildings let for any purpose. The Government have fixed first day of January 1944 as the basis of fixing the standard rent for a house let for non-residential purposes including places of entertainment.

All India Shia Conference

LUCKNOW, March 18 (A.P.I.)—The next session of the All-India Shia Political Conference will be held at Cawnpore on April 1 and 2.

Mr. Syed Ali Zaheer, M.L.A., has been re-elected President. Seth Hoseinbhoy A. Laljee, M.L.A. (Central) will inaugurate the session.

Irrigation Works Programme For Mysore

SIVASAMUDRAM (Mysore State) March 18.

A five-year programme of irrigation works, 39 in number, involving an estimated expenditure of Rs. 200 lakhs, and aimed at bringing 66,000 acres under irrigation is under consideration of the Government of Mysore. This was revealed by Mr. M. Narasimhiah, Chief Engineer for Irrigation, Mysore, presiding over the joint annual session of Mysore Engineers' Association and the local centre of the Institute of Engineers India here today.

Mr. N. Madhava Rao, Dewan of Mysore, who delivered the inaugural address stressed the importance of the part that engineers would have to play in the development and planning schemes in the post-war period.—A. P.

PROTEST AGAINST ALLEGED DISCRIMINATION

CALCUTTA, March 17 (O. P.): At a meeting of the Working Committee of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League a resolution was passed protesting against the discriminatory treatment meted out to Bengal by the Central Government in the matter of yarn and cloth supplies and remarking that there was no foundation whatsoever for the statistics prepared by the Government of India that Bengal used only ten to eleven yards of cloth per annum, was passed.

R

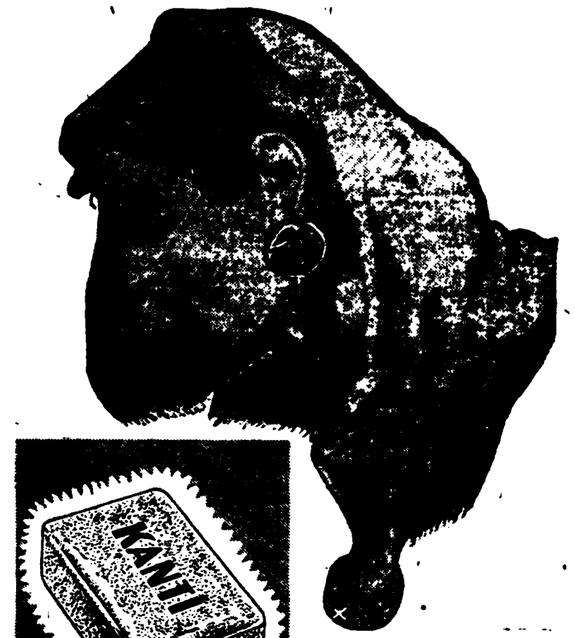
REMEMBER YOUR CHILDREN, CITIZENS!

The Order requiring Restaurants to use Skim Milk Powder in Tea and Coffee has been issued mainly to make good fresh Milk available to your children at cheap rates. Surely you are too good friends of your children to starve them of their essential food.

Remember, Citizens, that every ounce of fresh milk that goes in the Cup of Tea you get at a hotel means so much less for your children. Any ruse you might resort to to circumvent the Skim Milk Powder scheme will only recoil against your own children.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS. BRISTOL & LONDON.
WC 87

PRESERVE YOUR Charm



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19/5
SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD. BOMBAY 15

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Philomena ☆ Thumboochetty

Owing to unforeseen circumstances, the Bombay Choral & Philharmonic Society's Orchestra will not perform at Philomena Thumboochetty's recital.

7th HOUSEFUL WEEK
Fazli Bros. Ltd.'s
Social with Pinch
ISMAT
Director S. FAZLI
Mehtab, Nargis, Nandrekar
A Pearl Release
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays 1-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON
Advance Booking
10-30 to 12 and 4-30 to 6

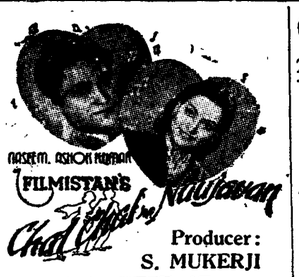
2ND BIG WEEK
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sun. & Holidays
Mat. at 1-30 p.m.
KANANDEVI
IN
M. P. Production's
Musical Masterpiece
HOSPITAL
Director: SUSHIL MAJUMDAR
Music: KAMAL DASGUPTA
Now in full Swing
at **KAMAL**

A BOMBAY TALKIES PICTURE
JWAR BHATA
Produced & Directed by
AMIYA CHAKRABARTY
Starring: MRIDULA, SHAMIM
AGHA JAN, DILEEP KUMAR
and MUMTAZ ALI
MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Advance Booking
3-30 to 6-30 p.m.

80th WEEK!
RAJKAMAL'S &
V. SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
(All Coloured copy)
Starring: JAYASHREE
Daily 4, 7, 10. Fri., Sat., Sun., Wed. 1-15 p.m.
SWASTIK

THE FIRST LOVABLE SHREW!
The one & only ENJOYABLE Picture in Town!
It's D.R.D.'s 'AINA' Directed by
S. M. YUSUF **AINA**
Yakub * Trilok
Kausalya * Rajkumari
Yeshodhara * Husnabanu
Gope * Sulochana
Mirza Mushraff.
IMPERIAL
7th Full-House WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun., Holidays
Matinees 1-30 p.m.
Plans open: 10 to 12 &
4-30 to 6

IN
14th WEEK
PRABHAT'S
Light Feature
CHAND
AT KRISHNA
DUBASH THEATRE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10
Matinees at 1-0 on Sat., Sun., Holidays
Plans open 10 to 12 & 3 to 6



Producer:
S. MUKERJI
16TH WEEK AT
ROXY
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Hol. 1 p.m.

CHARLIE
IS SUPERB IN
USPAR
CAPITOL
Daily 4, 7 & 9-45
Booking 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5
An EVERGREEN Release

HIS STAKED LIFE
FOR THE LOVE OF
LIBERTY!
JAYANT
DESAI'S
SUPER HIT
SAMRAT CHANDRAGUPTA
Directed by
JAYANT DESAI
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun.,
Wednesday 1 p.m.
4th WEEK of Full Houses
NEW WEST END

RANJIT'S
MUSICAL
HIT OF
THE SEASON
CARAVAN
AROON, KAMLA, RANI
PREMLATA
Director ASPY
AJIT Release
ROYAL
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Matinee on Wed. 1-15 p.m.
Advance Booking: 9-30 to
12-30 and 3 to 6-30

11th Houseful Week! Songs are City's Rage! Hear in New Theatres' Musical Marvel
SAIGAL'S See and
MY SISTER
CENTRAL Daily: 4, 7, and 10 p.m.
Wed., Mat. at 1 p.m.

25th SILVER JUBILEE WEEK!
RAJKAMAL'S Social Classic
PARBAT PE APNA DERA
Directed by V. SHANTARAM
Daily: 4, 7 10. Sun., & Wed. 1 p.m.
NOVELTY

31ST WEEK AT
MINERVA
FAMOUS
RELEASE
DASSI
Daily 4, 7 & 10
Matinees at 1-0 on Sat., Sun., Holidays
Plans open 10 to 12 Box-Balcony

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 6, 2001.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 4, 1364.
Parsi: Meher 17, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-45 a.m. Sunset: 7-80 p.m.
Hightide: 4-19, 17-20.
Lowtide: 10-35, 23-14.
Corporation Meeting, 2 p.m. (B. T.).

To-day's Engagements

MARATHAS' DEEDS OF VALOUR: To-day (Monday). Mr. S. R. Tikekar will broadcast at 5-45 p.m. from A.I.R. Bombay, a talk.

DNYAN PRASARAK MANDAL: Mr. Maganlal Lalbhai Desai (Kavi Kolak) will deliver a public lecture at the Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, to-day (Monday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), on "The present day Gujarti Poems".

BOMBAY DISCUSSION GROUP: Discussion to-day (Monday), at 6-30 p.m., on "The place of an Administrator in Society", by Mr. M. K. Vellody. Dr. John Matthai will preside. (Open to members and guests only).

RENAISSANCE ASSOCIATION: Group Discussion Meeting, Servants of India Society Hall, Sandhurst Road, at 6-30 p.m., to-day (Monday), on "Criticism—As a Condition for Social Progress."

GAHANBAR CELEBRATION: At Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines Parvardegan and Gatha-Gahanbar Celebration, to-day (Monday), At 6-30 p.m. Dastur Ji Bode will lead Hambandage and deliver a lecture on "Gatha Vohukhshathra."

RASHTRABHASHA RATNA EXAM. The Parikasha Mantri, Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, writes:—The Rashtrabhasha Ratna Examination will be held in the 1st week of September 1945. Application forms for that will be accepted till 1st June 1945. Those who have passed Rashtrabhasha Kovid Examination are eligible for the Exam. but those who have not passed it but have passed any other equivalent examination will have to submit their Prarthana Patra by 1st May 1945. The Syllabus Booklet of Ratna Course can be had by sending two annas stamps.

"G" WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE: A meeting of the Managing Council of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Monday), at 9-30 p.m., in the "G" Ward District Congress Committee's office.

The following Sub-committees have been formed in the "G" Ward to do constructive work and have already commenced work. Those who desire to work in any of these Committees are requested to give their names and addresses to the Hon. Secretary "G" Ward District Congress Committee at an early date. 1. Harijan Sub-committee, 2. Labour Sub-committee, 3. Students Sub-committee, 4. Women's Sub-committee, 5. Volunteer Sub-committee, 6. Khadi and Gramodyog Sub-committee 7. Hindi Prachar Sub-committee, 8. Communal Unity Sub-committee, 9. Gumasta Sub-committee, 10. Liquidation of illiteracy Sub-committee, 11. Public grievances Sub-committee.

The closing date of membership is 31st March 1945. Those who have not as yet enrolled themselves as members are requested to do so immediately.

The members who have taken the Congress membership books are requested to return the same on or before 25th instant.

P. E. N. ALL-INDIA CENTRE

The P.E.N. All-India Centre held its eleventh annual general meeting at the Government Law College, Bombay, on 13th March under the presidency of Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri. Dharwar and Poona as well as Bombay members attended. Prof. M.D. Altekar was elected Honorary Secretary-Treasurer. Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Dewan Bahadur Jhaveri, Sir R. P. Masani and Sir B. J. Wadia were re-elected to the Executive Committee. A motion of thanks was passed to the Honorary Auditor Mr. R. B. Allbless, who was unanimously re-elected for 1945.

The most important item discussed was the All-India Writers' Conference under P.E.N. auspices, meeting at Jaipur from October 27th to 29th 1945, the P.E.N. President, Shrimati Sarojini Naidu, to preside. It is hoped Sir Mirza Ismail will inaugurate the Conference. The language of the Conference will be English and there will be no sectional meetings.

Scheme For Care Of Orphans

The Government of India has in preparation a scheme for the care of orphans, who have or who may become orphaned in consequence of the extension of hostilities to Burma. The scheme will be applicable to all refugee orphans of British Indian parentage. Orphans who have permanently or temporarily lost both parents will be eligible for the benefit of the scheme. Children who have one parent alive and in contact with them may be admitted to the benefit of the scheme, in whole or in part, temporarily or permanently, as the circumstances of each case may seem to warrant, each case being considered on its merits. Orphans who are admitted may continue to receive benefits until they attain the age of 18 years.

CENTRAL ASSEMBLY ROLLS IN "A" WARD

The Hon. Secretary of the 'A' Ward District Congress Committee writes: By an oversight we regret the address of the "A" Ward D.C.C. was wrongly given as 58/64, Bora Bazar Street, in the previous statement on the above subject of Mr. S. K. Patil. The Central Legislative Assembly Rolls are kept for inspection by the public at our Office at 96-98, Bora Bazar Street, which remains open from 9 A.M. to 12 A.M. and 3 P.M. to 8 P.M. to help those engaged on work during day time.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS.

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Colville entertained Officers of the Services and Members of the Women's Auxiliary Services at Government House.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, MARCH 19.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. News (H). 8-15 News (E). 8-30 Purushottam Solankurkar. 8-45 Alap. 8-50 News (M). 9-0 News (G). 9-10 To-morrow. 9-15 Mohammad Rafi. 9-30 Marathi Songs. 9-45 T. D. Jogdand.

12-30 p.m. Geet. 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 News (H). 1-0 For Women (H). 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Music. 5-0 Saraswatibai Fatarpekar. 5-45 Topical Talk. 5-55 Locals. 6-0 At Six (G). 6-30 News (E). 6-40 News (H). 6-45 News Commentary. (G). 6-50 AIR Trio. 7-0 Post-War Problems (G). 7-15 Wamanrao Padhye. 7-45 Music from Film. 8-0 Latabai (Bombay). 8-15 News (M). 8-30 News (G). 8-45 Sports Review (E). 9-0 News (H). 9-20 News (E). 9-30 B. B. C. News. 9-45 Politics of Freedom (4) (B. B. C.). 10-5 Mohammad Rafi. 10-15 Purushottam Solankurkar. 10-30 Saraswatibai Fatarpekar.

MUSLIM SHARE IN FREEDOM STRUGGLE

Nurie's Appeal To Muslim To Lead National Struggle

BOMBAY, Sunday.

"It is historically wrong to say that the Indian Musalmans as a community have not participated in the National struggle. Musalmans had been in the forefront of the struggle for freedom of India since the inception of the British Rule. In the recent battles for freedom, in no way did they lag behind. In future, too, they must be in the forefront, because a true Musalman cannot be a slave" thus declared Mr. M. Y. Nurie, President, Bombay Provincial Muslim Majlis, and ex-Minister Bombay Government addressing a meeting of Muslims, held at Madanpura, on Saturday night.

Tracing the history of the Muslim struggle against British Rule, he said that in 1797 Shah Abdul Aziz Dehlvi issued a fatwa that India under British Rule was Darul Harab—a land of wars and therefore calling upon the Musalmans not to rest till the British were out. In 1821, Syed Ahmed Brelvi and Shah Ismail led a big national movement of Muslims which British tried to discredit as the Vahabi movement to alienate the sympathies of the Musalmans from it. In 1833, Shah Abdul Aziz was one of the leaders of the Pindari movement, which was not a rise of robbers as it is stated by the British but in essence a movement for freedom. All these national movements, in which Musalmans played leading role, led to what is characterised as the Mutiny of 1857.

Mr. Nurie added that it was due to their hostility to the British Rule, that the Musalmans abhored everything the British brought with them in the form of culture and civilisation. They refused to take up to English education, they boycotted British goods and refused to participate in the administrative machinery set up by the now rulers. Besides the British made added efforts to crush the Muslims, and thus the Muslims were reduced to the position they are occupying to-day. It was only in the end of the 19th century when the British found that Hindus were too strong and politically conscious, that they started to take up the cause of the Muslims as against that of the Hindus and created the complicated communal problem.

In the end Mr. Nurie said, "It is against the great traditions of Muslim history to sit on the fence and declare to the Hindus that Musalmans will participate in the national struggle only if the Hindus accepted this or that demand of the Muslims, as certain interested Muslim leaders were doing now. If the Musalmans give up the fear-complex and become strong by their own efforts, none would be able to deprive them of their legitimate rights. No race can exist under the sun on the charity of other races."

Mr. Nurie concluded by appealing to the Muslims to lead the national struggle and said that by doing that alone they would secure the place they deserve in the national life of India.

Earlier Mr. Adam Adil stated that more and more Musalmans were coming under the banner of the Muslim Majlis, and that the Majlis was bound to be a potent force of the Musalmans in near future.

FOR DEVELOPMENT OF INDIAN INDUSTRIES

27 Panels Constituted So Far By Government

BOMBAY, March 18 (U.P.I.)

The "United Press" learns that in accordance with their announcement in the Central Legislature in February, the Government of India have so far constituted 29 panels in connection with the post-war development of industries in India. The primary functions of these panels, it is understood, will be to make recommendations to the Government regarding the development of industries, both existing and new, to enable Government to prepare a detailed plan for the five years following the cessation of hostilities as the first stage of a 15-year plan for industrial development for the whole country.

It is further learnt that these panels have been asked to prepare their recommendations covering the scope and extent of industrial development including the type of products recommended and also whether the industry should be under Government Ownership either on ground of national interests or because private capital is unlikely to take it up and if so, whether it should be wholly or partly managed by Government. In the case of industries to be developed other than under State ownership, the panels will estimate the capital required for such development, whether the whole of it is likely to be available by public investment and if not, the extent to which Government assistance may be required.

Address Presented To Mr. Moledina

At a gathering held at Beg Mohamed Bag under the auspices of the Muslim Youths' Mallis, the Muslim Institute of Physical Culture and the Muslim Students' Federation, Mr. Yousuf Moledina, the recently elected Honorary Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, was presented with an address on Thursday evening.

Mr. Hussain A. Beg Mohamed M.L.A. (Bombay) while presiding recalled the services rendered to various parties by Mr. Moledina, espscially to the Muslim Radical party and to the Muslim National Guard.

Social Welfare Work In The Suburbs

A Committee has been formed in the Suburbs with a view to carry out social welfare work amongst women and children on behalf of the Kasturba Fund.

The welfare work will be taken up in those villages which are neither under the control of the Municipality nor come under the heading of Notified Areas. The work to be done could be shortly summarised under three headings, Viz.: Medical, Educational and Industrial. It has been decided to open three working centres at convenient places easily approachable by Bus or other conveyances from the nearest railway stations. Each centre will be in the hands of effecient lady Organiser with two lady assistants one for educational work and the other to give Medical aid. All these will be qualified persons in their respective lines but they will be given additional training as and when necessary and convenient.

RAID ON CITY RESTAURANT

A restaurant on Nesbit Road was raided for alleged refusal to sell Palmolive soap, by the City Police in co-operation with the Central Enforcement Branch of the Civil Supplies Department.

ALL-INDIA DRAWS WITH GOVERNOR'S XI

Amarnath's Unbeaten Century At Madras

MADRAS, March 18: The match between the All-India team visiting Ceylon and the Governor's XI ended in a draw here to-day. The All-India team declared their second innings at 217 for the loss of six wickets. Amarnath not out 100 Merchant not out 40. Face with the uphill task of making 370 runs, the Governor's XI started confidently, but at the close of the day's play they put up 196 for six wickets. Palia scoring 68.

All-India (First Innings) 371
Governor's XI (First Innings) 221

ALL-INDIA (Second Innings).
Mankad, l.-b.-w. b Ramsingh 10, Sarwate, c Sanjiva Rao, b Gopalan 1, Kishenchand, l.-b.-w. b Ghulam Ahmed 30, Hazare, l.-b.-w. b Ghulam Ahmed 4, Modi, b Bhulam Ahmed 11, Amarnath, not out 100, Mushtaq Ali, c Rangachari, b Ramsingh 7, Merchant, not out 40, Extras 16, Total (for six wickets) 219.

GOVERNOR'S XI (Second Innings).
Palia, b Modi 68, Johnsione, l.-b.-w. b Merchant 35, Asghar Ali, st. Nimbalkar, b Kishenchand 11, Bharatchand, l.-b.-w. b Mushaaq Ali 17, Ramsingh, c Muahtaq Ali, b Modi 18, Anantenarayanan, l.-b.-w b Mushtaq Ali 0, Gopalan, not out 25, Richardson, not out 5, Extras 17, Total (for six wickets) 196.

Indian Team Leaves For Colombo

MADRAS, March 18, (A. P. I.): The All-India Cricket team to Ceylon accompanied by Mr. H. N. Contractor, manager of the team, left for Colombo this evening.

Lahore Hockey Team For Bombay

LAHORE, March 17 (A.P.I.)—The Lahore Y.M.C.A. Club has been invited to play in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament at Bombay which is already being played these days. The team will leave for Bombay on March 29 and will make its first appearance in the tournament on April 3.

The team includes five players of provincial fame. Mr. M. L. Kapur will accompany the team as its manager.

PLEA TO POPULARISE HINDI IN BOMBAY

Speaking on 'Our National Language' at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhuwan on Sunday evening, Goswami Ganshdatji President of the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sangh said that Hindi alone could be our 'lingua franca', for it was a very simple language and can be understood by every one of us. It had got relation with every provincial language of our country. Hindustani which was a mixed language of Urdu and Parshian words, he was of the opinion, would prove difficult and never be a successful language in India for the people specially from the provinces of Maharashtra and Gujerat, and C. P. would not understand it.

He stressed the need for popularising Hindi in Bombay and advised that night schools and Hindi libraries should be opened in the city.

Mr. K. M. Munshi presided.

City Electoral Rolls

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

The first publication of the electoral rolls for Bombay City (Non-Muhammadan urban), Bombay City (Muhammadan urban) and Bombay European Constituencies of the Central Legislative Assembly was made on March 12, at the Electoral Office of the Collector of Bombay, on the ground floor of the Development Department Building, in the Fort, and at the head office of Bombay Municipality.

Any claims or objections relating to the rolls must be submitted in writing, to reach the office of the Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, by March 22. Four copies must be sent of each claim or objection.

American Interest In Indian Labour Conditions

BOMBAY, March 17. The Government of United States have sought full information regarding the present strength of trade union organisations in India, labour conditions in different industries, employment and wages, it is learnt here.

The American consul at Bombay recently visited the trade Union office in Bombay and sought information on these points.

A deputation of representatives of the Congress of industrial organisations of U S A is likely to proceed to India shortly to study labour conditions in this country.—A. P.

Colth At Govt. Approved Shops

From March 166, cloth is being sold at Government Approved Cloth Shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District at the full retail rate of 20 per cent above the ex-mill price and not at concessional rates as hitherto. This change in prices has been necessitated on account of the new distribution arrangements by which cloth must reach retailers through quota holders and second wholesalers at profit margins of 3 per cent at 6 per cent respectively.

Kher For Wardha

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, March 18.

It is understood that Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Prime Minister, Bombay, is proceeding to Wardha on March 25 for some important consultations with Gandhiji.

PRINCESS HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

Princess High School for Girls celebrates Golden Jubilee Fund programme of different items, including variety entertainment, fancy fete, picture show etc. is arranged. The variety entertainment which will take place at the Empire Theatre on the 1st of April, under the patronage of Sir Homi Mehta will consist of musical burlesque and play, ballet-dancing, Indian dancing, humorous bits, tableaux, etc.

The Golden Jubilee fancy fete is arranged at the C. J. Hall on the 9th and 10th April, consisting of fancy sale of household goods such as pillow cases, tray clothes, table covers, tea cases etc., children wear, woollen goods, hand bags, fancy articles. There will be side shows also fish-ponds, Dutch auction, Chinese laundry, Russian salad.

HIGHLY EXCESSIVE FEE: A resolution passed by the Managing Committee of the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, Bombay, states that the licence fee of Rs 500 levied by the Bombay Government under the Bombay Cotton Cloth Trade Regulation Order, 1945 for A, B and D Class Licences, is highly excessive, and urges upon the Bombay Government to fix it with due regard to the business conditions and available income to the said three classes of dealers.

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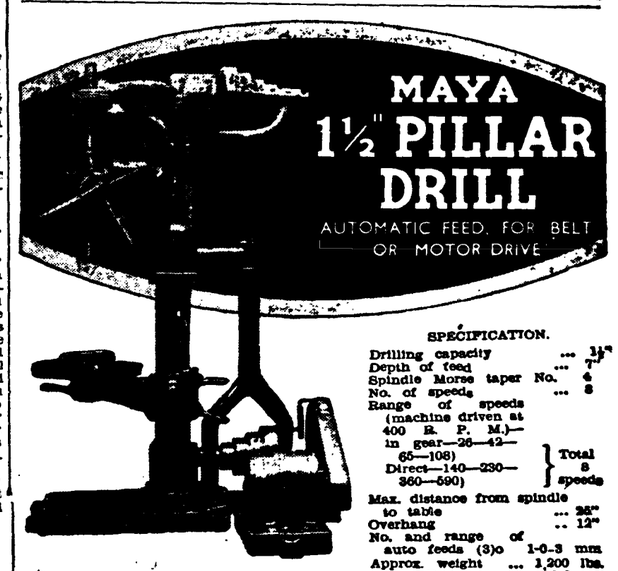

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Drilling capacity ... 1½"
Depth of feed ... 7"
Spindle Morse taper No. 4
No. of speeds ... 8
Range of speeds (machine driven at 400 R. P. M.)— in gear—26—42—65—108) Direct—140—230—360—590) } Total 8 speeds
Max. distance from spindle to table ... 25"
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No. and range of auto feeds (3)o 1-0-3 mm
Approx. weight ... 1,200 lbs.
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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

CONTROL ORDERS

It is in the interest of both dealers and the public to be fully acquainted with all details of the various Control measures introduced by the Government of India. Brief summaries of these have been published as Press Notes and also in the form of advertisements. For complete Orders, Ordinances and Price Schedules please apply to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi or to any of the Agents authorised to sell Government publications.

CONTROL

The full titles and prices of the more important publications are as follows:—

	Per copy
1. Footwear Control Order, 1944	0-1-0
2. (i) The Hoarding and profiteering Prevention, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943)	0-1-0
(ii) The Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention (Amendment) Ordinance, 1944	0-1-0
(iii) The Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1944 (Ordinance No. LIII of 1944)	0-1-0
(iv) The Consumer Goods (Control of Distribution) Order, 1944 ..	0-2-0
3. (i) The Paper Control (Economy) Order, 1944	0-1-0
(ii) The Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944	0-1-0
(iii) The Paper Price Control Order, 1944	0-1-0
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(v) The Paper (Price of Imported Paper) Control Order, 1944	0-1-0
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4. (i) The Drugs Control Order, 1943 (Amended)	0-2-0
(ii) The Schedule of Maximum Prices fixed under the Drugs Control Order, 1943 (Amended)	0-6-0
5. (i) The Textile Control Order, 1943*	
(ii) The Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 34-Tex.A (15)-2/43 dated 31st December, 1943 fixing the ceiling prices of cotton, cloth and yarn	4-0-0

*Out of Stock. Is being reprinted as Volume I of the Manual of Control Orders issued by the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies.

N.B.—Please do not write to the Industries and Civil Supplies Department, New Delhi for copies of these publications.

Issued by the Industries & Civil Supplies Department, New Delhi. AAA 177

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, March 18: The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours L. M. T. on 18/3/45:—

Allahabad 96 65 0, BOMBAY 89 73 0, Calcutta 90 69 0, Cawnpore 95 63 0, Cuttack nil nil nil, Darjeeling 53 42 0, Delhi 93 58 0, Dehra Dun 84 60 0, Jacobabad 92 64 0, Karachi 81 71 0, Lahore 85 59 0, Lucknow 95 63 0, Madras nil nil nil, Nagpur 104 69 0, Patna 90 66 0, Peshawar 77 55 0, Shillong 62 44 0.1 Simla 67 48 0.—A. P. I.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Do today's duty, fight today's temptation, and do not weaken and distract yourself by looking forward to things you cannot see, and could not understand if you saw them.

—Charles Kingsley

The Bombay Chronicle

BRITAIN'S DUTY

In his interview with Mr. Karaka, our War Correspondent now in London, Mr. Amery referred to a change in the attitude of Parliament towards India and said: "There is a genuine feeling in the House to-day to give India her place along with the other nations of the world—within the Commonwealth or if she wishes, outside it. But before anything can be done to give expression to that feeling there must be substantial Indian agreement on the Constitution which would lead to that complete freedom." Even if it is true that Parliament is anxious to give India freedom the unfortunate thing is that the present British Government does not share that anxiety. It is no use Mr. Amery's citing the Cripps offer as proof of Government's sincerity. If Government were earnest about the offer it would not have precipitately withdrawn it when the Congress was seriously discussing several formulae about war-time administration and had waived its opposition to certain bad features about the final constitution. We are now told that the breakdown of the Cripps negotiations was inevitable when Congress demanded substantial modification of the Viceroy's veto and that this was impossible as "it would mean that an interim Government would have power to lay down the future constitution which would not be fair to the minorities". But this is a lame excuse as the Government would have been bound by the agreed terms of the Cripps offer referring to the future constitution.

As regards the claim that the Cripps offer still stands, what is proposed is that its essential features stand. But which are the essential features? Why this deliberate vagueness about an offer which has got to be discussed and expected to be formally accepted? Moreover, unlike the original Cripps offer which left the final shape of the constitution to be determined by a Constituent Assembly, the revived offer does not mention whether a Constituent Assembly is part of it. And the confusion is made worse confounded when its implementing is made conditional on its acceptance by an undefined but growing number of parties, communities and interests. If the British Government is serious about the new offer elementary fairness requires that it should be put down, like the original Cripps offer in black and white, stating that such and such provisions are essential and must, to be implemented be accepted by such and such parties or by a particular majority in the Central Legislature. We can understand a poor offer with ungenerous reforms but we cannot understand a vague and ever-changing offer except as a cloak to delude men into thinking that there is an offer when there is none. Nor can we understand the professed anxiety of Government for a settlement between principal parties when the accredited leaders of the biggest party are carefully kept in jail. To say that Gandhiji can give the lead when he is not allowed even to see those leaders is verily to add insult to injury.

If Government is serious about a settlement with India, it should forthwith abandon the mischievous policy of giving each of an uncertain and varying number of interests to have a veto on the decisions of the people with regard to the future constitution of the country. It should then make at least a clear unequivocal declaration, say, on the lines of the constructive suggestion made by Sir Muhammed Zafrulla Khan. We mention this in particular as this has received wide sympathy both in India and Britain and as it comes from a tried friend of Government and an esteemed leader of the Muslims whose interests he would certainly not ignore. In his presidential address at the Silver Jubilee Session of the Liberal Federation Mr. T. R. Venkatarama Sastriar approves of Sir Muhammed's suggestion and makes a similar one of his own. It is reported that even a conservative Britisher like Prof. A. V. Hill supports Sir Muhammed's formula and that the former and his colleagues have approached the representatives of the National Executive of the Labour Party in order to establish whether or not a joint demarche can be made on the basis of that formula. If Government cannot accept that proposal the least it can do at once is to release the Congress leaders in jail so as to enable them, under the guidance of the President Moulana Abul Kalam Azad and Gandhiji to explore the possibilities of settlement with the Muslim League. Is it because of the fear that they may succeed but too well in this attempt and confront Government with a united front that they are not yet released? Mr. Sastriar rightly urges that "neither the public peace nor the safety of the State any longer requires the detention of these prisoners" and that "they should be immediately released". That is the universal feeling in the country and it will not be wise for Government to flout that feeling any longer.

Frankly Speaking

Who Is Responsible?

At his Press Conference on Saturday last President Roosevelt made a very curious statement. He declared that he did not know what had been holding up the publication of the Italian Armistice terms. Here is one of the Big Three, repudiating knowledge and responsibility regarding an important Allied matter. What exactly does it mean? Does it not imply that there is some one or some party, but not President Roosevelt, who has almost deliberately been holding up the publication of the terms. Who is that and what has been the object of continued secrecy? The Italian Armistice terms have caused speculations by reason of their non-publication and anxiety too. The sooner they are published the better. And we hope this matter of responsibility for their suppression is also cleared up fully.

Kobe's Coup

After Tokio, Osaka and Nagoya, American Super-Forts have visited Kobe and subjected it to the heaviest incendiary raid yet. Kobe too has suffered serious devastation which must add to the anxieties of the Japanese already horrified by the four destructive raids. The Super-Forts and the victories of Iwojima and in the Philippines have led to a drastic reorganisation in the supreme conduct of the war. Unexpectedly, the casualty is not Koiso but the Imperial Headquarters. This is almost a revolution. The Army and Navy had so far dominated the Jap Premier and his Cabinet. Koiso has manoeuvred to dominate them and to become a supreme dictator. This important development is a significant proof of the very serious war situation.

Japan And Russia

Another important and significant proof is provided by the report that Jap diplomats in Moscow and Bulgaria have been recalled and that they have already left for home. The Japanese would not take this action unless they knew that Marshal Stalin was pretty soon going to do something more than renounce the neutrality pact which expires on April 24. It means that according to Marshal Stalin the time has come for Russia to participate with her Allies in the war against Japan. And when the Red Army strikes the defeat of an already doomed Japan will be advanced by a great many months. We regard the recall of Japanese diplomats from Russia as a very welcome portent of tremendous events in the near future.

Ready To Quit?

The trials of the Muslim League in Sind do not seem to be over yet despite the feat of straining at Mr. G. M. Syed's "indiscipline" and swallowing Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah's violations. A few days ago Sir Ghulam Husain formed a "purely" League Ministry and coolly explained that without going back on his deliberately given word and dropping Haji Moula Baksh he could not remain in office as a Muslim League Premier or Minister. Sir Ghulam Husain chose office in preference to his word of honour that he would not do so in those very circumstances. Now a new development has taken place which is extremely remarkable. Shaikh Abdul Majid, proposing a cut motion in the Assembly suggested in polite and felicitous but definite language that Sir Ghulam Hussin had now better quit public life and his career of Premiership. Sir Ghulam Husain's answer was surprising. He submissively agreed. He would, he said, place Shaikh Abdul Majid's suggestion to his party and ask and "appeal" to the party to accept it. Coming so soon after so much manoeuvring to stick to office Sir Ghulam Husain's gesture of self-sacrifice—it also incidentally amounts to a public acceptance of no-confidence in himself—is rather curious. One explanation may be found in the fact that five M.L.A's have already left the League Party and Sir Ghulam Husain may be preparing another manoeuvre. But what happens to the Muslim League then?

Assam Cabinet In Danger

Sind is not the only headache for the League High Command. Assam threatens another. A few days ago Sir Saadullah's Muslim League Ministry was defeated in the Assembly in connection with a private member's bill. That was not so serious. On Saturday last, the Ministry was saved on a cut motion by the casting vote of the Speaker. It escaped another cut motion by the narrow margin of one vote. The position of the Ministry is obviously precarious and it may well fall one of these days. The outlook for the Muslim League after the long-due exit of its Ministry in the Frontier Province is by no means pleasant. In the meantime Assam, where too a number of Congress M.L.A's are kept in detention, provides another instance of how Muslim League Ministries have been functioning mainly by keeping Congress M.L.A's in jail. What a commentary on the League!

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Pleasure before duty means that duty will lose out.

* * *

An idle brain is the advance agent of a busy tongue.

* * *

Some women, like puddings, are too rich to agree with their husbands.

* * *

There isn't much danger of fire in a lodging house unless you pay extra for it.

* * *

Some women think they do the druggist a favour when they buy a postage stamp.

* * *

It takes a woman who doesn't know how to do a thing to do it better than a man who knows all about it.

ECHOES OF THE PAST

(BY P. A. WADIA).

History can never completely repeat itself; but as one perused the balanced periods of Mr. Churchill in the House of Commons in reply to questions from Mr. Rhys Davies, a Labour member, one is irresistibly reminded of the masterly description of Thucydides of the interchange of views between the leaders of the Island of Melos and the representatives of the Athenian Empire in 416 B.C. "No Sir", Mr. Churchill replied, "as far as we are concerned, we made a perfectly voluntary agreement with the other two great powers that were gathered at Yalta, and that does provide for differentiation of treatment of the greater powers in this matter and of the smallest powers. We may deplore, if we do, that there is a difference between the great and the small and the strong and the weak in the world. There undoubtedly is such a difference, and it would be foolish to upset such good arrangements which are proceeding on a broad front by trying to obtain immediately what is at the moment a homeless ideal."

Twenty-four hundred years ago when the great power that Athens was determined to rule the inhabitants of the small island of Melos to pay the tribute which they had refused to pay for nine years, the Athenian envoys used almost the same kind of language. "We shall not trouble you with specious pretences," said the Athenian envoys, "either of how we have a right to our empire because we overthrew the Persians, or are now attacking you because of wrongs you have done us. You know as well as we do that right, as the world goes, is only in question between equals in power, while the strong do what they can and the weak suffer what they must."

The only difference that twenty-four hundred years have made has been that the civilising influence of Christianity has made the leaders of the Christian nations use the sanctimonious phraseology of trusteeship of the weak by the strong of mandates and international responsibility. One is almost tempted to prefer the downright frankness of a Churchill to the self-righteous platitudes of a Halifax. Are these the Gods whom the nations of the world will be called on to worship in the name of a new world order and international goodwill?

OUR READERS' VIEWS

A.-I. N. E. C. And Its Standing Committee

Humbler folk, like the undersigned, interested in the working and the activities of that august body, the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, will certainly be grateful to the Nagpur "Member of A. I. N. E. C." for taking cudgels on behalf of what might be safely described as the vested interests in that organisation. It is heartening to see him resort to the very medium of a newspaper even though for refuting certain arguments, the use of which for ventilation of professional grievances he so egotistically discourages towards the beginning of his contribution. It is also to be believed, that it is nothing more than mere coincidence that his letter happens to be published prominently in the journal of which the President of the A. I. N. E. C. is the editor, and in the same issue, which on another page conspicuously publishes the President's nominees for the Standing Committee of A. I. N. E. C., with no representative amongst them of the two Indian Language newspapers, Marathi and Telugu, so casually mentioned by the "Member"!

It is needless to enter here on any controversy with the "Member" on the question of propriety of ventilating such a grievance through the press. It is his view that such grievances should be ventilated only through the medium of the professional organisation and not through the "public press". May I tell him that there would be nothing wrong in voicing such complaints publicly if it has been the experience of those whose unfortunate lot it is to complain, that their complaints, though just, are studiously unheeded and their representations not even acknowledged, much less replied to Rightly has the public the authority to judge the acts of commission and omission, even though concerned in them be the A. I. N. E. C. Does the "Member" wish to suggest that the A. I. N. E. C. has a right to exist and thrive even if it is accused and condemned in the public opinion? Then, probably he is banking too much upon the Government patronage which the A. I. N. E. C. at present enjoys.

The other point sought to be made out by the "Member" is: Why should certain interests ask for special representation? He says that the question of the absence of any representation does not arise when it is open to anyone to get elected to the Standing Committee. If that is so, will the "Member" kindly enlighten us as to why the power of nomination has been delegated to the President? Why not be content with the composition of the Standing Committee as it emerges out of the vote? The power of nomination is nothing if it is not to be used in favour of the interests that go unrepresented, whatever the reason.

Apparently, it suits the "Member" to ridicule the claim of Indian Language newspapers for representation on the Standing Committee of the A. I. N. E. C. May be it is their own fault that they have not joined the A. I. N. E. C. in numbers sufficient to make their voice felt; but is that any reason for their claim for representation to be poo-poohed by the "Member" as persistence in separatist cry that "goes ill with the professions of newspapers that separate electorates and reservation of seats are not the proper expression of the democratic spirit."

Let the "Member" and his fellow-thinkers clearly understand it that this claim for representation is neither a separatistic cry nor a clamour for separate electorate and reserved seats. It is a genuine and natural outcome of the claim of the A. I. N. E. C. to have dealings with the Government on behalf of the entire newspaper industry in the country. The Provincial Press Advisory Committees formed under the auspices of the A. I. N. E. C. and guided also by its policy, claim to speak on behalf of the newspapers in the province which are mostly in the regional languages, and to sit in judgment over them. Is it not then proper that for a better disposal and equitable handling of their problems the voice of the representative of that particular language dominates rather than that of those who do not even know the A. B. C. of that regional language? Can the "Member" say whether on a case relating to a Marathi journal the voice of a representative of the Marathi press should have more value or less than that of a member whose mother tongue is other than Marathi and whose knowledge of Marathi language if he has any, is only nominal?

Speaking about the demand for representation by the Marathi press, there is another thing which should not be lost sight of. The entire Marathi press is well organised and the Marathi Journalists' Conference can justly claim to be the authoritative spokesman for it. It is a reasonable demand of that body that on matters pertaining to Marathi newspapers its views should prevail. Instead, complaints are being heard that men who count in the A. I. N. E. C. and its Bombay Provincial Branch have more often than nought tried to ignore this organisation by actively encouraging isolationist Marathi papers. I do not know if the "Member" would think that this redounds to the credit of the A. I. N. E. C.

Last but not least, I must, painfully though, refer to the sting which the "Member" has aimed at the claimants for representation by reference to the "democratic spirit". I do not claim to know if he has any special implication for that phrase, but if that connotes the continuance for successive terms of same persons as President of a body like the A. I. N. E. C.—assuming that there is hardly any dearth of necessary talent or capability to shoulder that responsibility,—then the only thing I can say would be that I would better go without that "democratic spirit".

DISGUSTED.

Bombay, March 14.

INTERNATIONAL NEWSPAPER RELATIONSHIP

American Editors Leave For India

MOSCOW, March 18 (Reuter): The Committee of American Editors, who have now left here for India, said in a statement before their departure: "We leave with a definite belief that progress has been made in the field of mutual understanding and international newspaper relationships".

The Committee, who had a series of round-table talks with editors of leading Soviet papers, concluded: "Many of the misunderstandings which have existed in the past and which may arise in future, can be clarified and perhaps eliminated by the very thing which the Committee proposes—a freer flow of information and a greater exchange of newspapers books and correspondents."

The statement said that a high Soviet official told the committee, "I do not see why we cannot find common ground on which to solve this problem."

AMERY PLUMPS FOR SWISS CONSTITUTION FOR INDIA

But Blames Indian Leaders For Having Acted Against Security Of Country In 1942

Deplores "Unhelpful Attitude" Of Leaders Outside Prison

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, March 17.

Mr. Pramanik after his interview with Mr. Amery told me that he feels that Mr. Amery may accept as basis the Swiss Constitution because Switzerland has so far very successfully worked it out. It has survived the crucial test of the present war.

When Mr. Pramanik made reference to the Russian way of solving the problems of nationalities by creating one house of all nationalities, Mr. Amery expressed misgiving about the Soviet constitution but admitted the possibility of exploring that avenue.

Of course Mr. Amery wonders why no other leader from India had made any suggestion on this line. Mr. Pramanik said to me that Mr. Amery feels very strong that Congress leaders in 1942 acted against the security of India and even those who since have been released have not been "much helpful."

When Mr. Pramanik tried to suggest this was an erroneous view based on incorrect information and that there was a great popular urge all over India for ending the deadlock Mr. Amery's comment appeared to be that if that were the position it was worth considering afresh.

Earlier in the week Mr. Pramanik had discussion with Sir Stafford Cripps who expressed great sympathy for Indian people's desire for freedom and deplored the course of developments that have led to the continuation of the political deadlock in India.

It is understood that following suggestion of Sir Stafford, Mr. Pramanik accepted Mr. Amery's invitation to call on him.

WINDSOR LOVED THE COLOURED PEOPLES

Fierce Conflict With Legislature On Question Of Food For Natives

LONDON, March 17: (U.P.I.): Another story in connection with the resignation of the Duke of Windsor as the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Bahamas, is now available. The resignation, it seems, had not come as a surprise to those in London who have watched his career in that dusky Island.

The Duke never disguised his concern for the coloured people of the Island and particularly on the questions of providing them with enough food. Nearly eighteen months ago he came into a fierce conflict with the Legislatures which is dominated by the Whites, on the question of purchasing food for the people. He then announced that a hundred thousand pounds of food purchase plan vetoed by Legislature would be carried out by him under his special war powers.

PORTUGAL TIGHTENS CONTROL OVER PRESS

LISBON: Far reaching powers have been given to the National Secretariat of Information (MOI Portuguese) in a new decree issued by the Salazar Government. It states that National and Foreign News Agencies will be able to function only with authorisation of the Secretariat hereafter. All Foreign journalists will have to be enrolled in a special register. The decree also involves on tighter control over censorship of newspapers, books, radios, theatre, music halls and cinemas.—I. P. S.

Ranji Trophy Final

It was with the greatest surprise and the utmost disgust that one witnessed the attitude of the crowd during the course of the Ranji Trophy Final held at the Brabourne Stadium. The Bombay crowd is usually seen to great advantage and is generally known for its extremely intelligent and appreciative attitude as manifested at all times. It is a sad fact that of late considerable mischief has sprung up from certain irresponsible quarters, which if allowed to continue would lead to the general detriment of Indian cricket. However, it is inconceivable that such a petty controversy of purely personal opinions should induce the crowd to indulge in the most vicious kind of barracking against Mr. Vijay Merchant as was evidenced in the recent Festival Match and the Ranji Trophy Final. Does the crowd forget that less than a decade back Indian teams had fared miserably against foreign elevens and were dismissed on repeated occasions for totals of less than one hundred? That such batting disasters were the rule rather than the exception cannot be denied. From this pathetic mess of batting failures rose one man, who by his utmost patience and superlative batting performances consistently maintained year after year, set an inspiring example to his colleagues and succeeded in rescuing Indian cricket from the contempt and ridicule of foreigners and ultimately elevated it to its rightful place in the cricket world. That the cricket loving public of Bombay should as a result of petty squabbles and jealousies barrack such a personality is inexcusable. One can well understand an exasperated crowd barracking an accredited stonewaller, but not the vile, deliberate and vicious attacks against the cricketer India is most proud of and who by his own supreme efforts has earned for his country its place of distinction in the cricket world.

J. P. POCHA.

INDIAN DELEGATES INSPECT PLANTS

Publicize Bombay Plan To Australians

SYDNEY, March 18 (A.P.A.): The unofficial Indian trade delegation led by Sir Datar Singh which has been touring Australia for some time and now inquiring into the possibilities of development of large trade between Australia and India, is busy inspecting Australia's great manufacturing plants.

The delegation includes leading industrial magnates from Bombay and Calcutta, who point out that Australia through her wartime industrial development may be able to supply industrial machinery to India quicker than either United States or Great Britain.

Members of the delegation expressed the opinion that India will be able to absorb more than all of Australia's pre-war wool and other exports to Japan. The delegates are also publicizing the Bombay Plan drawn up by leading Indian industrialists to raise the standard of living in India by spending 10,000 million pounds over a period of 15 years, entailing vast expansion of industrialization in India.

"TIED HAND & FOOT"

One delegate expressed surprise at the fact that so little is known about the Bombay Plan in Australia and said that Australia was not awake to the chances of Indian trade. This remark drew the comment from a leading Australian exporter that Australian exporters were fully alive to opportunities of trade with India, but, he said, they were tied hand and foot by Australian trade regulations and restrictions.

TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY

New Drug Is Familiar To Homoeopaths

Dr. L. D. Dhawale, B.A., M.D., President, Homoeopathic Post-Graduate Association, Bombay writes:—

The Consul for France in Bombay has sent a communication to the Press under the heading of "Treatment for Leprosy", "Discovery of two French doctors in Madagaskar", in which he states that "Hydrocotyle Asiatica" was first used in 1937. This statement is far from being true. The first announcement about the drug appeared in an article by Dr. Audouit of Paris in the Journal "De La Societe Gallicane" in 1855. This article contained a pathognesis of the drug chiefly obtained from provings on his own person and observations on his patients.

This drug came to France from the East as a remedy for Leprosy. The first to use it was a Doctor Bolieu of the Island of St. Maurice. He experimented this remedy in his 57 cases of Leprosy. As a final result of his experience, he reported that in all those cases the progress of the disease was arrested. However, unfortunately he himself subsequently died of the very same malady. From that time the remedy had been relegated to the Province of Oblivion. It might, however, be noted that this remedy has since been incorporated in the Homoeopathic Materia Medica and Pharmacopoeia. The drug is available from all reputable Homoeopathic Pharmacies in various necessary dilutions. These are prepared from carefully dried plants. As the drug is toxic, it is used in dilutions in Homoeopahic practice, preferably in the 6 centicimal dilusion. In addition to its action on the skin, it appears to have a toxic action on liver cells. It also affects geneto-urinary organs, more particularly of females, and the trigeminal nerve. The common name for the drug is "Indian Pennywort" and it belongs to the natural order, "Unbelliferae."

CHURCHILL'S "NO" TO BRITISH T. U. C.

LONDON, March 18. (U. P. A.): Prime Minister Churchill has sent a letter to the Trades Union Congress bluntly refusing to amend the Trade Disputes Act passed after the General Strike of 1926, which among other things prohibits the affiliation of Government employees and civil servants with the Trades Union Congress, the "Reynolds News" reported to-day.

The paper said that Mr. Churchill's letter would be deeply resented by the whole Trade Union movement, and added that the last Trades Union Conference passed a resolution on the act describing the Government's attitude as a "complete denial of its stated aims an objects for which this war is being fought."

Churchill's Statement Mischief-Making

OLDHAM (Lancashire), March 18 (Reuter): The Leader of the Parliamentary Labour Party, Mr. Arthur Greenwood, speaking at Oldham today described as "misleading and mischief-making" Prime Minister Churchill's statement at the Conservative Party Conference last week about "socialists having committed themselves to a programme of nationalisation to the disgust of some of their leaders."

Mr. Greenwood declared it was an attempt to create dissension in the ranks of the Labour Party.

KARACHI, March 17: Mr. K. M. Pannikar, Prime Minister of Bikaner, Rai Bahadur Shivraj, M.L.A. (Central) and Mr. Sarwar Hussain, Secretary of the Commonwealth Relations Conference returned to Karachi today.—A. P.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, March 17.

Japanese diplomats in Moscow and Bulgaria are being called home, Tokio Radio announced to-day, without stating any reason for their return.

The broadcast said only that Naotaka Sato, the Japanese Minister, left Moscow on March 14 and that the Japanese Minister to Sofia and nine others left Bulgaria at the same time.—A. P. A.

* * *

The White House announced that Mr. William Phillips has resigned as the President's personal representative with the Indian Government with personal rank of Ambassador".—Washington Cable.

This is what may be described as American formalisation of an old British-settled fact.

* * *

Apropos of the Benares ban on a Congress workers' meeting Rjt. Sampurnananda insists that "the Governor who is at present the Provincial Government must bear the responsibility.....".

His Excellency Sir Maurice Hallet will bear the honour with pleasure and pride.

* * *

The Muslim League Ministry in Assam is in a precarious state of health. It is a situation requiring drastic treatment at once to save it from untimely demise.

In fact, Kazi Md. Issa should immediately be flown to Assam on behalf of the Council of Action with specific authority to Sir Md. Saadulah to intern such Congress M.L.A's as happen to be free.

* * *

Sind, already famous for many precedents, has produced another which is unique in parliamentary history in the world and will remain so—unless Sind and the League High Command ordain otherwise there or elsewhere.

An opposition M.L.A. Shaikh Abdul Majid, proposing a cut motion begged Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah to retire from Premiership and public life. And Sir Ghulam Hussain promised Shaikh Abdul Majid that he, Sir Ghulam, would ask his party to relieve him as per Shaikh Abdul Majid's suggestion.

After this personal acceptance of no-confidence what else could Shaikh Abdul Majid do except to withdraw the cut motion.

* * *

The most recently elected Muslim League M.L.A in Sind Sardar Bahadur Talpur has resigned from the Muslim League.

He makes the fifth League M.L.A to quit the party. One or two more and Sir Ghulam Hussain would seriously almost violently demand that he be relieved of his responsibilities in order to —but that will depend.

* * *

President Roosevelt has declared at a Press Conference that he did not know what had been holding up the publication of the Italian armistice terms.

Probably the weather then, about which nobody knows anything and over which nobody exercises any control.

CHURCHILL CALLED PRIMA DONNA

Shinwell Foretells Labour Majority in Next General Election

PLYMOUTH, March 18 (Reuter): Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell, prominent Labour Member of Parliament, declared today that he was fairly certain that the Labour Party would decline to associate with the Tories when the European War was over. "We are not going to walk into Mr. Churchill's parlour in order to make a tasty dish for the Tory Party. Why should the Labour accept Mr. Churchill's offer when we have a great opportunity of gaining a clear majority at the next election? Mr. Shinwell added.

"Mr. Churchill is fond of indulging in insulting references to other people, but if anyone dares criticise him, however mildly, he is as temperamental as a 'prima donna.'

The Prime Minister indulged in cheap sneer about left wing promises. But what about his four year plan and his Utopian housing schemes which his near relation, Mr. Duncan Sandys, has no means of carrying into effect?

"When the next election comes Mr. Churchill's political future will be decided not by his glamour and oratory as a war leader, but his record before the war and in particular his association with a party whose primary purpose is a return to unlimited private enterprise which they pretend means more liberty, but which means the right of a few to rob the rest of the community."

WORLD SECURITY COUNCIL & U. S. A.

NEW YORK, March 18 (Reuter): President Roosevelt is facing a major struggle to obtain a two-thirds majority permitting American participation in the World Security Council, declares the newspaper P.M. on the basis of a poll taken among the Senators in Washington.

Warrant Out For Arrest Of Count Grandi

LONDON, March 18 (Globe).—A warrant is reported to have been issued for the arrest of Count Grandi, formerly Italian Foreign Minister, President of the Italian Camber, and Italian Ambassador in London. Grandi has been living in Portugal since the downfall of Fascism in Italy. He owns considerable property in Italy.

Eaker's Deputy To Be Air Council Member

LONDON, March 18 (Reuter): The Air Ministry announces that Air Marshal Sir John Slessor, Deputy to General I. C. Eaker, Air Commander in Chief, Mediterranean, since January, 1942, has been appointed member of the Air Council. He succeeds Air Marshal Sir [illegible] Sutton.

NO TRUCK WITH CHURCHILL'S CARE-TAKER GOVT.

Parties Pledged To Breakaway From Coalition Before Election

LONDON, March 18.

Mr. Churchill's indication in his speech at the Conservative Party Conference that he might form a Care-taker Government of "not only Conservative but of men of goodwill of any party, or no party, who are willing to serve", has become all at once a dominant political topic.

The Die-hards are frankly against a coalition just before the election or after it. One can hear from them expressions of their old distrust in Mr. Churchill as "an unsound party man" such as have not been uttered since he became Prime Minister.

The United Press of India understands that the labour leaders at present share the view of party rank and file that they should not take part in any Care-taker Government prior to the general election. The Parties are pledged to break away from the coalition before the election. The Liberals intend to make a clear break when the time comes and leave no Ministers to carry in any Care-taker Government.

Many M. P.'s regard Mr. Churchill's feelers at the Conservative Party Conference as a clever tactical manoeuvre to shift the onus of breaking the coalition on to the Labour and Liberal Parties and at the same time an appeal to the electorate to support a National Government comprising best men of all parties, or no parties, willing to serve.

The Parliamentary correspondent of the "Times" says: "No body cares to predict what the result of the general election after nearly ten years may be. Even if the Conservatives win they might have something less than a clear working majority."

"INDIA, A MAJOR ISSUE"

As far as India is concerned there is some talk amongst the Independent Labour Party and the Commonwealth Party as also about 20 members of the Labour Party for making India a major issue. It is wondered whether a few influential Indians would seize this opportunity and contest some seats.

The United Press of India learns that the Labour, Commonwealth and Independent Labour Parties will be prepared to support a move of this kind from India. It is however pointed out that if any responsible Indians agree with this idea they must make up their mind quickly and come to this country both in order to fulfil the residential qualifications and to get them accepted by the supporting parties.—United Press.

NO VIOLATION OF A. I. C. C. POLICY

Let Other Provinces Follow Frontier Example, Says Congress M.L.A.

PESHAWAR, March 17.

"Let other provinces follow our example", says Mr. Tek Chand Dhingra, M.L.A. (Congress) in a statement to the press.

He adds: "I cannot disclose the much discussed "sealed letter" of Mahatma Gandhi but I can safely say that we have done nothing inconsistent with his views. Of course we had liberty of action but we have clear instructions in unequivocal terms in view of which we had no other alternative but to accept office.

The other point I would like to clear is that acceptance of office in this province is neither obligatory nor conditional. There is nothing inconsistent with our previous policy as indicated by the All-India Congress Committee."—A. P.

FRONTIER GANDHI TO TOUR PROVINCE Declines To Make Press Statement

PESHAWAR, March 17: Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan after being released from the Haripur jail reached Peshawar this evening and left for Sardaryab, the Red Shirt Training Centre where he intends taking some rest before he begins any activity.

Except for slight cough, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan is hale and hearty and he easily walked three miles.

Addressing a vast crowd from the balcony of the Congress Office in the Qissa Khani Bazaar, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan said: "I am very grateful for the affection you have shown in receiving me. I have much to say to my people but I feel very much tired to-day."

It is understood that he will shortly undertake a tour of the Frontier Province.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan declined to make any press statement at present. When asked about his future programme he said, "I have got a definite programme for a definite goal which everybody knows. I have been out of touch with the outer world for a long time. Let me study the new circumstances of the country before I start any action."—A. P.

NEW SIND M.L.A. RESIGNS LEAGUE MEMBERSHIP

KARACHI, March 18: Sardar Bahadur Mir Haji Hussain Bux Khan Talpur, M.L.A., who was recently returned to the Sind Assembly from the Tando Mohammed Khan by-election, has resigned his primary membership of the Muslim League.

In a statement, the Sardar Bahadur says that he has resigned at the request of his Baloch followers.—A. P.

DR. MAHMUD FOR BOMBAY

Dr. And Mrs. Gurubaxani Take To Ashram Life

SEVAGRAM, March 17.

It is understood that Dr. Syed Mahmud is leaving for Bombay along with Mahatma Gandhi at the end of the month.

After spending some days in Bombay he will proceed to Delhi for eye treatment.

Dr. Gurubaxani of Simla, who was a member of the National Liberal Federation, and his wife have, it is learnt, placed their services at the disposal of Mahatma Gandhi. They have taken to Ashram life.—A. P.

NEW DELHI, March 17: The Economic Adviser's All-India index of wholesale prices of food articles (Base: last week of August 1939-100) remained unchanged at 232.1 during the week ended March 3, 1945, says a Press Note.—A. P.

SEPARATE ORGANISATION FOR PEASANTS?

Mahatma's Advice To Be Sought

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, March 16: What should be the exact role of the contemplated Kisan organisations in Maharashtra? Is the question, at present engaging the attention of Congress workers in the province.

It is generally acknowledged that there should be separate peasants' organisations to tackle the various problems facing the peasantry. But it is stressed that in no case such organisations should develop as rival bodies to the Congress.

It is gathered that Gandhiji's advice will be sought in this matter and the proposed organisations will be formed according to his suggestions.

It is expected that after solving these organisational problems, the work of Kisan organisation will start in different parts of Maharashtra.

PLEA TO ORGANISE KISANS

RATNAGIRI, March 16 (U.P.I.): An appeal to students to study the Kisan problem and help actively in the work of education and organising them as made by Mr. Govindrao H. Despande, M.L.A. Secretary, Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, addressing a private meeting of students at Malwan, about 500 students attending.

AHMEDABAD DEADLOCK

Labour Association's Plea For Arbitration

AHMEDABAD, March 18.

Following the publication in the Bombay Government Gazette of the Chief Conciliator's report on the failure of the conciliation proceedings regarding the bonus dispute between the Textile Labour Association and the Millowners' Association, the Labour Association has addressed a letter to the Millowners' Association stating that now that the Conciliator's report is published and the conciliation proceedings have proved abortive, the Millowners' Association should take the dispute to arbitration.

It is understood that the Millowners' Association will consider the letter on Tuesday at a meeting of its Managing Committee.—United Press.

Ack-Ack Regiment Of Indians In Bombay

BOMBAY, Friday (A.P.I.): One of the lesser known units of the British army—and the only one consisting of Indians—has arrived in Bombay. It is a heavy ack-ack regiment of the Hong Kong and Singapore Royal Artillery. Most of the men have not seen their own country for nearly six years.

G. D. Savarkar's Funeral

SANGLI, March 17: The body of the late Ganesh Damodar Savarkar was taken in a procession to the cremation ground on the banks of the Krishna river today. The body was garlanded by many citizens and public institutions before it was cremated.

Speeches were made on the cremation ground, paying tributes to the late Mr. Savarkar.

All shops and schools were closed today.—A. P.

RS. TWO LAKHS DAMAGE IN NAWABSHAH FIRE

NAWABSHAH, March 17: Damage estimated over Rs. two lakhs was caused by a fire which gutted one thousand cotton bales lying in a railway yard.

All Municipal fire engines and the local labour assisted in bringing the fire under control and their task was rendered difficult due to strong winds. The caure of the fire is not known.—A. P.

ULTIMATUM TO CALCUTTA CORPORATION

Bengal Govt. Threat To Issue Orders Under Public Health Ordinance

CALCUTTA, March 17.

As anticipated earlier, the Government of Bengal have issued today an order under the Public Health (Emergency Provisions) Ordinance, 1944, directing the Calcutta Corporation to undertake certain health measures in the City within specified periods of time.

The Corporation has also been directed by Government to make adequate financial provision before April 1, 1945, for carrying into effect those measures, and also to delegate certain administrative powers to the Chief Executive Officer.

Announcing this, a Bengal Government press note states that Government have already clearly indicated the course which they will pursue in order to secure the execution of these health measures and in the issue of this order are steadily pursuing that course.

It will be recalled that the Corporation at a special meeting on March 13 refused to accept Government proposals requiring the Corporation to undertake without delay certain health and administrative measures.

In a letter to the Corporation earlier, Government had stated that unless the Corporation agreed by March 16 to adopt the proposals forwarded with that letter, Government would have to proceed to the only alternative course, namely the issue of orders and directions under the Public Health Ordinance, failure to comply with which would inevitably result in the issue of an Order for the supersession of the Corporation.—A. P.

Demand For Restoration Of Congress Bhavan

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, March 15: Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Chief Trustee of the Congress Bhawan, has written a letter to the District Magistrate, Poona, demanding the restoration of the Congress Bhawan, which is in the Government possession since August 9, 1942 and where city rationing offices are located. Mr. Gadgil has also demanded reasonable rent for the period.

Recently, the District Magistrate, Poona, had refused to return the Congress Bhawan premises on the plea that it belongs to the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, which is now a declared unlawful body. But the fact is that there is a separate trust of the Congress Bhawan, of which Mr. Gadgil is the chief trustee.

INCREASE IN CENTRAL M.L.A.'S ALLOWANCES

NEW DELHI, March 18: The Standing Finance Committee at a meeting held yesterday approved a non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 65,000 and a recurring expenditure of Rs. 55,300 for the expansion of the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health which is the only institution in India giving post-graduate training to medical officers for diplomas in public health.

The Committee also approved a proposal to increase the existing daily allowance of Rs. 30 each to Rs. 45 to the members of the Central Legislature.—United Press.

SPEAKER TO RESCUE OF SAADULLA MINISTRY

Gives Casting Vote Against Cut Motion

SHILLONG, March 17.

By the casting vote of the Speaker, the Saadulla Ministry was saved from censure today in the Assam Assembly.

There was a tie over a "cut" motion criticising the motor transport organisation, particularly for the failure of the Government to arrange passenger service to ease transport difficulties. 39 voted on each side and the Speaker announcing the result said that the motion was a censure one and by the vote of the Chair, the Government should not be censured. Therefore he cast his vote against the "cut" motion amidst cheers from the Ministerialist party.

Another cut motion moved by Mr. Kameswar Das (Congress) criticising mismanagement of the entire grain storage scheme of Government was lost by the narrow margin of one vote 38 voting for the motion and 39 against.

The result of today's voting has caused some speculation as to its stability in future of the present ministry.—A. P.

Fire In Hubli

HUBLI, March 17.

A big fire broke out near 'Samyukta Karnataka" office here in the early hours of the morning today in which more than hundred hay stacks were completely burnt down. Loss is stated at Rs. 30,000.

The cause of the fire is not known.—A. P.

ALIGARH MEDICAL COLLEGE

ALIGARH, March 17 (O. P.): The Medical College Expert Committee met to-day and finally selected the site for the Medical College near Aligarh Court. It was disclosed that six lakhs donations have so far been collected and that further five lakhs expected from Kathiawar, Bahawalpur and Khairpur States.

In the beginning 50 students including ten women would be admitted and a hospital to accommodate 250 beds. It has been decided to expand the College in four stages.

FRATERNAL DELEGATES TO A.-I. JAMIAT ULEMA

NEW DELHI, March 17 (O. P.): It is understood that All-India Jamiat Ulema has issued invitations to Muslim Majli Ahrars, Khudai Khidmatgars and other nationalist organisations for sending fraternal delegates to Jamiats annual session in Sahranpur. The session is expected to chalk out a comprehensive programme for the political, social and cultural development of Muslims. Moulana Ahmed Syed will preside.

Sentenced To Death

PARIS, March 16 (Reuter): Jacques Schweitzer, lawyer and friend of Otto Abetz, German Ambassador to France during occupation, was sentenced to death by the Court of Justice in Paris today for 'intelligence with Germans.

Pierre Drieu Larocheile, well-known writer, committed suicide today in Paris. He was wanted for "intelligence with the enemy" and was under warrant of arrest.

"LET AMERY BE TRIED BY INDIAN PEOPLE"

MARGARET POPE URGES BRITISH TO CAST THEIR EYES ON GOVERNORS AND I.C.S. MEN RESPONSIBLE FOR 30,00,000 FAMINE DEATHS

LONDON, March 17 (U. P. I.): The Indian Freedom Campaign Committee, whose Chairman is Mr. Fenner Brockway, had opened a new drive for educating the British public on the Indian conditions. Miss Margaret Pope who has recently returned from India is in charge of the speaking campaign of the Committee.

Addressing a public meeting over the week-end Miss Pope described the National War Front as a sham affair. She said: "The National War Front in India is a farce intended to create the impression in England and abroad that the millions of Indians rally round the war efforts out of love for the British Empire. The actual fact was, she said, that poverty drove them to join up the front.

She explained why the British tommy was not welcomed by the Indian people and said that it was because they looked upon the British Army as an occupation of force.

A soldier got up from the audience and agreed with the speaker, adding that she had exaggerated nothing. "We are the most unpopular army in India", he said.

Miss Pope said: "This is the time to draw up the list of war criminals, let the British people cast their eyes on those Governors and Civil Servants in India who let nearly three millions die of hunger. Let Mr. Amery be sent to India and be tried by the Indian people, men are being tried for less serious charges in every country in Europe (cheers).

"WAR AND WORKING CLASS" ARRIVES IN LONDON

Editor Andrie Danilov Answers Pressmen

LONDON, By Mail (I.P.S.) The Soviet Journal watched closely by diplomats and newsmen, "War and Working Class" which has only a circulation of 200,000 but all the same a weapon of attack on anti-Soviet forces abroad (former targets being Herbert Hoover, Chiang Kai Shek, Pope Pius, John Lewis, Randolph Hearst etc.) has brought out for the first time English language edition. A few thousand copies of the English edition arrived in London by air to be followed fortnightly 20,000 copies for distribution in U. S., British Empire (India will have 150 copies) Middle East, China and Latin American countries.

Along with the first copies, came its editor, Andrie Danilov, who answered several questions in a press interview in London, the other day.

Q.—Are "War and Working Class" attacks official Russian policy?

A.—It is put out by representative Society not by state.

Q.—How "War and Working Class" which talks loudly about Freedom of Press never criticised Russian policy?

A.—It is necessary to keep in mind that there is no fundamental difference between our people and the state. That this is a new historical fact and naturally difficult for other countries to understand.

When Phillips Was "Unwelcome" To British

Chandler's Disclosures About British Telegram From New Delhi To London, Recalled

WASHINGTON, March 18 (A.P.A.): The resignation of William Phillips, President Roosevelt's special envoy to India, recalled today details of a report that he was "unwelcome" to the British because he favoured freedom for India.

Phillips' resignation, announced yesterday by the White House without explanation, refocussed on the statement made in the Senate last September by Senator Albert B. Chandler (Democrat of Kentucky) in reply to official denials that any request had been made for the envoy's recall.

Chandler released what he described as a British telegram from New Delhi to London saying that Phillips, who served in India with the rank of ambassador, was not welcome in India.

The U. S. State Department and Lord Halifax, British ambassador to the United States, denied at the time that Phillips was 'persona non grata' because of reports he had urged complete freedom for India in a letter to Roosevelt.

Chandler made public copies of a letter he said Phillips wrote to the President, asserting that the United States has a military stake in what happens in India and declaring: "it is high time they (British) should make an effort to improve conditions and to re-establish confidence among the Indian people that their future independence is to be granted."

Chandler remarked: "If the British are going to be able to force the recall of our diplomats merely because they submit truthful reports, I think we are entitled to know about it."

Phillips served briefly as General Eisenhower's adviser in London before returning from India. At that time it was said that "urgent family reasons," including an illness of Mrs. Phillips, brought the envoy home.

EIGHT PAKISTAN STATES!

Rahamatali's Plan For Muslim Commonwealth Of Nations

LONDON, March 17 (U. P. A.): The founder-president of the Pakistan national movement, Mr. C. Rahmatali, told the United Press of America, "The best way to secure freedom from foreign imperialism, in my view, is for the Hindus, the Muslims, the Sikhs, the Christians, the Parsees and others to concede the right to nationhood to one another and then form a grand alliance of all these nations and nationalities to face British Imperialism."

Mr. Rahmatali, stressing the difference between his movement and Mr. Jinnah's Muslim League said: The League stands for two Pakistan States whilst we want eight in India. The League wants to have 30,000,000 to 35,000,000 Muslims left out in Hindustan areas in the peninsula. We want them to form six other States in it. The League accepts present-day India as "the common motherland of Hindus and Muslims. We reject that conception."

According to him all the eight Pakistan States should "be united into a Muslim Commonwealth of Nations" and internally the political and economic structures of these States should "be parliamentarian and Islamic in socialistic systems.

Mr. Ali is planning to return to India soon, though he might go to United States before that.

CANADA TO JOIN PAN-AMERICAN UNION?

LONDON, March 16: With Canadian Premier Mackenzie King's departure to Ottawa, after several days as guest of President Roosevelt, the U. S. State Department is studying the question of asking Canada to join the Pan-American Union.

Canadian acceptance of such an invitation would mean the inclusion of one member of the British Commonwealth in the alliance just established in Mexico City for joint defence of American countries against aggression within or without the Western Hemisphere.

The whole question may be discussed in the committee rooms, if not publicly, at the San Francisco Conference.—Globe.

INDIAN LEADERS' OPPOSITION TO FASCISM.

National Council Of Civil Liberties Demand Jail Delivery

LONDON, March 18 (A.P.A.): The National Council for Civil Liberties will consider a motion at its annual meeting on March 24, calling on the Government "to release immediately imprisoned Indian leaders whose opposition to fascism has never been in doubt and to accord to India those civil liberties as are established in this country."

The motion added that the situation in India calls for a drastic reversal of Government policy to enable India to take her rightful place with the United Nations in their struggle to defeat fascism and to build a democratic post-war world.

The Council for Civil Liberties is a liberal organization without any official status and designed to preserve and promote freedom.

R

FIXED PRICES OF IMPORTED STATIONERY ARTICLES.

The prices of various imported stationery articles (including nibs, pencils, carbon papers, etc.) have been fixed under the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance (vide Government of India, Department of Industries and Civil Supplies Notification No. I/3 (168)/44-CG (CS), of February 17, 1945). Copies of the price list are available at the Government Book Depot, Charni Road Gardens and the office of the Public Relations Officer (Rationing), 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay. Price one anna per copy.

Philomena ☆ Thumboochetty

THE WORLD-RENOWNED VIOLINIST

at the EROS on

20th March at 9-30 p.m.

Under the distinguished patronage of H. E. The Governor of Bombay

Kindly assisted at the pianoforte by

Squadron Leader D. DALLEY, Mus. Bac.

and

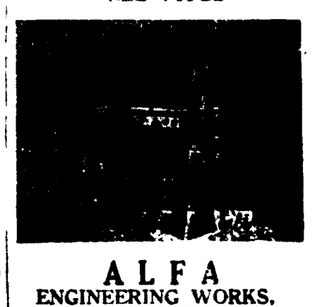
PRIMELA RAJU

Booking at S. ROSE & Co. Rs. 10/-, 7/-.

All other Seats sold out

IN AID OF RED CROSS FUND

FOR BEST VALUE IN OIL EXPELLERS AND SPARE PARTS OF ALL TYPES



ALFA ENGINEERING WORKS, SIALKOT CITY. MANUFACTURERS.

WANTED

LADIES and GENTS, desirous to increase their weight and to look 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age and to get lovely improvement in features and charms like young days. Write a Post Card for FREE Booklet with your name and address in BLOCK LETTERS. Write immediately to enjoy the real pleasures of life.

Otogen Laboratories LAHORE

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, March 17.

May	22.08
July	21.79
October nominal	21.18
Middling Spot	22.43

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, March 17.

May	22.04
July	21.76
October	21.18
Middling Spot	21.55

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, March 17.

T. T. London on :— New York sellers 4.02.1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2, Madrid Official 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.47, Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 16.85, buyers 16.95.

LONDON BULLION

London, March 16.

Spot 25-1/2, Forward 25-1/2. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/8/0.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, March 16.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (New Crop) 42/3 May quoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, March 16.

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c £72-1/2, Consols 2-1/2 p c £83-1/16, Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961 £105-13/16, War Loan 3-1/2 p c £105-1/16, Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90 £115-9/16 Victory Bonds 4 p c £113-7/8, Chartered Bank of I. A. & China £10-3/4, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) £86, National Bank of India £42-1/2.

NEW YORK COTTON QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK, March 16: Future delivery lices closed two to one point lower on the New York Cotton Exchange to-day :—

Delivery March High 22.15 Low 22.15 Close 21.92 exp. 21.95 noom.

Delivery April High 22.06 nom.

Delivery May High 22.07, Low 22.07, Close 22.12/5.

Delivery June High 21.88 nom.

Delivery July High 21.81, Low 21.85 Close 21.72/3.

Delivery August High 21.52 nom.

Delivery September High 21.33 nom.

Delivery October High 21.20 bid, Low 21.22, Close 21.23 nom.

Delivery November High 21.07 nom.

Delivery December High 21.10, Low 21.14 Close 21.02-3.

Delivery January High 20.96 nom.

Delivery February High 20.94.

Delivery March High 21.00, Low 21.04, Close 20.92.

Delivery April High 20.87 nom.

Delivery May High 20.90 bid.

Delivery June High 20.82 nom.

Delivery July High 20.75 nom.—(U. P. A.).

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

BOMBAY, March 17.

RECEIPTS IN BOMBAY.

	Yesterday.	Since 1st Sept, This year.	Last year.
Khandesh	412	32,500	41,644
Central India	617	23,150	36,100
Barsi and Nagar	150	36,802	45,321
Hyderabad/ Gaorani	137	16,088	13,399
Berar	3,805	147,270	195,943
Central Provinces	1,594	31,537	29,743
Total Bombras	6,715	287,447	362,150
Dholera	693	55,262	16,...2
N.-W. Provinces	.....	200	887
Rajputana	.....	788	785
Sind-Punjab	3,663	285,485	304,871
Broach	399	74,870	63,648
Coompta and Dharwar	1,505	36,298	13,019
Westerns-Northerns	101	23,517	5,040
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	.....	6,182	808
Soudan	.....	1	59,916
Egyptian (other than Soudan)	.....	147,367	81,039
East African	.....	64,013	56,326
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	.....	2,599	1,185
	13,076	985,029	988,126
Arr. by road to 15th March	....	5,000	5,000

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, March 17.

Tata Ordinary 385/8, Tata Deferred 2087/8, Indian Iron 40-0 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 33/2, Bombay Dyeing 1861/4, Central India 372/8, Century 922/8, Gokak 303/2, Kohinoor 618/2, Simplex 264, Andhra Valley 1767/8, Tata Hydro 203/2, Tata Power 1875, Associated Cement 231, Belapur 218/12, Bombay Burma (Old) 530.

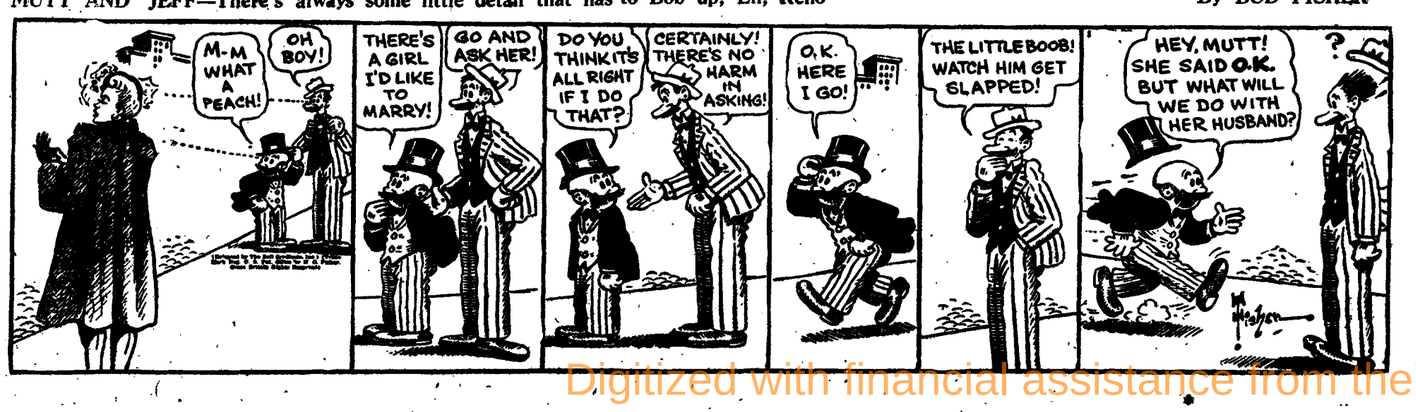
READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, March 17.

	1943/44 Crop.	1944/45 Crop.	New Delivery Contct Basis March Jarilla
C P 1 Jarilla		480/495	
C P 2 do.		470/480	
Berar do.	365/380	465/475	
Punjab 189 F.	500/540	600/620	+180
Punjab 289 F sawgin	500/540	600/630	+215/40
189 F			
Sind N T	440/480	505/525	+85
Mugisi	345/360	425/435	

MUTT AND JEFF—There's always some little detail that has to Bob up, Eh, Reno

By BUD FISHER


M-M WHAT A PEACH!
OH BOY!
THERE'S A GIRL I'D LIKE TO MARRY!
GO AND ASK HER!
DO YOU THINK IT'S ALL RIGHT IF I DO THAT?
CERTAINLY! THERE'S NO HARM IN ASKING!
O.K. HERE I GO!
THE LITTLE BOOB! WATCH HIM GET SLAPPED!
HEY, MUTT! SHE SAID O.K. BUT WHAT WILL WE DO WITH HER HUSBAND?
?

R

SKIM MILK TEA DEMONSTRATIONS FOR HOTEL-KEEPERS

G (NORTH & SOUTH) WARDS.

Demonstrations in the preparation of tea from skim milk powder will be given by the Indian Tea Market Expansion Board for the benefit of hotel-keepers in the G (South) & G (North) Wards to-day (March 19). The demonstrations will be given at the premises of the Ward Rationing Offices (addresses below) from 2-30 p.m. to 5 p.m. Hotel-keepers interested to learn the proper way of making skim milk tea should go to the Ward Rationing Office concerned at the appointed hour to witness the demonstration.

G (South) Ward—Opp: Worli Municipal Market, Worli Main Road.

G (North) Ward—C. K. P. Hall, Ram Maruti Road, Dadar.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Applications are invited for the post of one "Typist and Correspondence" clerk. So those desirous of serving in this Association and knowing typing and office correspondence well and have served previously in an office should apply with their copies of certificates and testimonials to the undersigned with the minimum salary they expect on or before 31-3-45. None but those who know English well should apply. Also we want some clerks knowing English and accountancy well. So those desirous of, should also apply with the minimum salary expected to Chairman The Industrial Co-op. Association Ltd., Malegaon, 93, Tilak Road, Dist. Nasik. 2535

Wanted Linotype, Monotype and Intertype Machines. Must be in good condition. Also Treadles, Wharfedales and Litho Machines. Apply with full particulars and prices to Pressarts, Bashirbagh, Hyderabad-Dn. 2536

Applications are invited from graduates of either sex in Law or Sociology with aptitude for Labour and Welfare work, for the post of an Assistant Labour Officer. Persons with previous experience in a textile mill preferred. Please apply on the prescribed form (available on payment of Re. 1- in postal stamps) to the Employment Officer, Calico Mills Ahmedabad. 2531

Wanted an Import & Export trade expert including piece goods import experience for an upcountry firm. Apply with past experience details. Box No. 7621, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Two Agency Inspectors on decent remuneration for the city of Bombay and Suburbs to organise the Life Dept. of a leading composite Insurance Company of Bombay. Excellent prospects for those having considerable experience in Field Work. Write in details about past records of business etc. to Box No. 7592, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a boring contractor for boring tube wells at Billimora. Separate estimate for boring and supplying the materials such as pipes, pumps, etc., should be given. Please see personally or write to, Powells Ltd., Lamington Road, Bombay 4. 2488

Wanted a Christian Woman Graduate, M.A., in Geography with training or College experience and History in B.A. Post resident. Salary in Grade Rs. 120-3-200. P. Fund, dearness allowance. Initial salary according to experience. Apply Principal, Queen Mary's Higher Secondary School, Delhi. 2494

Wanted (1) Warehouse Keeper and (2) an Assistant Warehouse Keeper, on a salary upto Rs. 200/- and Rs. 120/- respectively according to experience. Dearness and house rent allowances are attached to these posts. Minimum qualifications: Matriculation with experience in warehousing and godown keeping with large and well-organised Commercial or Shipping concerns. Applications with copies of testimonials should be sent so as to reach the Port Shipping Officer, Strand House (3rd Floor), Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, by 26-3-45. (2527)

Wanted Sales Girls, who intend to earn Rupees Five daily at their leisure time. Apply Sunder Trading Co., 18, Ramchandra Bldg., Opp. G. T. Hospital, Bombay 2. (7614)

Wanted Representatives on Rs. 300/- plus Rs. 4, a day and interclass to work for Pharmaceutical products persons with experience need apply Dr. Kulkarni's Laboratories Bombay 12. (7610)

SITUATIONS WANTED

D. C. T. (Cawn) Dyeing and Cloth-Printing expert open for engagement part-time or whole-time. Correspond to Box No. 7619, "Bombay Chronicle".

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted Paid Guest accommodation for three/four months with any respectable family by a young Punjabi Hindu respectable couple with one baby. Correspond G.P.O. Box No. 774, Bombay. 7615

Wanted Separate Office Room any size with Telephone, preferable from Fort, to Grant Road. Write Box No. 7612, "Bombay Chronicle."

FLATS WANTED

Wanted independent Flat Minimum Bed room, bath, and kitchen by a young couple. Rent up to Rs. 100 p.m. Bombay or Suburb by first May latest. Apply Mr. G. L. Bajaj, P.W.I. (Relaying) Thakurli Dombivli (P. O.) 7598

HOTELS (IN UP-COUNTRY)

Cafe Regal & Hotel, below Dalgate Srinagar (Kashmir). The best yet best Hotel for Indian Gentry. Rooms furnished decently and up-to-date. English and Indian meals. English Bath and Flush system, in W.C. Reserve accommodation for season 1945 now. 7609

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted by a well established Indian Insurance Company Chief Agents for Motor and Workmen's Compensation Insurance. Apply stating full particulars to Box No. 7613, "Bombay Chronicle".

PLOTS FOR SALE

Plots for sale at Hill Station Lonavla and Khandala for Bungalow Hotels. Factory close to station. Wadekar House No. 162, Budhwar, Poona City. 7578

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BANK OF COCHIN LTD.

ERNAKULAM.

Estd. 1928.

AUTHORISED DEALERS in FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

NEW ISSUE OF 50,000 shares of

Rs. 10

Rs. 2|8 on application

Rs. 2|8 on allotment.

Applications invited.

Consent of the Central Govt. and the Govts. of Cochin & Travancore obtained for this issue. 2492

FOR SALE.

HIGH CLASS RACE HORSES

OWNER REDUCING STABLE

For particulars apply personally to:—

Mr. G. L. SHINDE, Trainer,

Race Stables, BOMBAY. 7588

G. I. P. RLY. TENDER.

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay will receive tenders from auctioneers of good standing for conducting public auction sales periodically at Wadi Bandar and Victoria Terminus on behalf of the G.I.P. Railway, of the unclaimed goods and lost property for a period of three years. For tender form apply to the Chief Traffic Manager, G.I.P. Railway Victoria Terminus, Bombay. Price per form Rs. 3/-. Closing date 27th March, 1945, at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 2503

NOTICE

WANTED a well qualified and experienced man for the post of RECORD OFFICER for the Bombay Civil Labour Units (Home Service). The minimum starting pay will be Rs. 200/- per month. Higher pay for one possessing superior qualifications and experience will be considered after trial.

2. Those possessing previous experience of Army Accounts and Records will be preferred.

3. Applications stating age, caste, educational qualifications, experience, present pay and the post held and nature of duties of same, together with copies of testimonials should reach this office, through present employers, not later than Saturday the 24th instant.

4. Those who have already applied for this post in January last need not apply again.

J. V. MUZUMDAR, Secretary, Provincial Labour Supply Committee, Bombay.

New Block, Opposite Secretariat, Bombay, 13th March, 1945. 2486

MEDICAL ADLETS

Stammering completely cured. Each case individually analysed. Box No. 7617, "Bombay Chronicle".

MACHINERY FOR SALE

One Steam engine cross compound, jet condensing corliss Valve manufactured by Hick-Hargreaves of Bolton, Lancs.-England. I.H.P. 1,000. Dia of cylinders 24" and 47" by 4' stroke, R.P.M. 75. Working pressure or Boiler pressure 160 lbs. per sq. inch. Fly wheel dia 20'-0" with 25 grooves to take 1 3/4" dia ropes with automatic barring engine and overhead crane 10 ton capacity. For particulars Apply Box No. 2517. "Bombay Chronicle".

One Water Tube Boiler, Make— Babcock and Wilcox. Heating surface 2058 sq. ft., working pressure 160 lbs. per sq. inch with superheater tubes, oil fired. Boiler Reg. No. 4831, in working order. For particulars Apply to Box No. 2516. "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

The Hind Engineering Works, Krishna Bhawan Sisamau, Cawnpore. Manufacturers of Oil Expeller parts and Country Glue. 7353

Wanted Medical practise of Rs. 400/- to be given to young Doctor, with reasonable goodwill. Box No 7618. "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted any kind of standard or portable Typewriters. Consult Bhatia & Co. 236, Kalbadevi Rd., Tel. 27792. 7606

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale old established business of Undertakers and Sculptors, in Secunderabad-Deccan. Write to Box No. 7616, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

3 Per Cent Second Victory Loan 1959-61.

Redeemable at par not earlier than 15th August, 1959 and not later than 15th August, 1961.

Subscriptions in cash/cheque unlimited as to amount, will be received from 19th March, 1945 until further notice.

Issue Price Rs. 100/-. As interest accrues from 15th February, 1945, recovery on account of net interest will be made at the rate of Rs. 0-2-8 per cent. from 19th March to 24th March, 1945, thereafter increasing by 8 pies per week.

Applications will be received at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi and Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places and at all Government Treasuries.

For full particulars apply to any of these Offices, Branches or Treasuries. 2466

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

No. M. 3215 of 1945

CIRCULAR:

The following seating arrangements of candidates appearing at Dadar Centre for the Matriculation Examination commencing on and from the 19th March, 1945, are hereby announced for the information of the said candidates:—

PLACE OF EXAMINATION	SEAT NUMBERS	
KHALSA COLLEGE	Nos. 4582—4909	Candidates offering SANSKRIT as one of the two languages.
RAMNARAIN RUIA COLLEGE	Nos. 4910—5600	Candidates offering SANSKRIT as one of the two languages.
PODAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE	Nos. 5601—6034	Candidates offering SANSKRIT as one of the two languages.
KING GEORGE ENGLISH SCHOOL (Mandap)	Nos. 6035—6783 & Nos. 7873—8123	Candidates offering SANSKRIT as one of the two languages.
KING GEORGE ENGLISH SCHOOL	Nos. 6784—6845, Nos. 7449—7872 & Nos. 8124—8226.	Candidates offering PERSIAN, PALI, ARDHA-MAGADHI, HEBREW, ARABIC, LATIN, FRENCH and PORTUGUESE as one of the two languages.
C. L. BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL	Nos. 6846—7448	Candidates offering FRENCH as one of the two languages.

A complete list of the names of candidates appearing at the Dadar Centre is kept at the Ramnarain Ruia College. At the remaining five places of the examination, a list of candidates appearing at the place for the examination is exhibited.

S. R. DONGERKERY, University Registrar.

Bombay, 17th March, 1945. 2530

NOTICE

UJJAIN SINGHASTH MELA BANNED

In the interest of the intending pilgrims it is hereby announced that considering the shortage of foodstuffs and difficulties of transport due to war time, the Gwalior Government has banned the holding of the Singhasth Fair the second phase of which is to take place from March, 1945 to June, 1945.

The Resident for Central India has also notified a ban on travel from any place within the railway lands in C. I. to Ujjain for taking part in the Singhasth Mela. 161

THE INDIA UNITED MILLS, LTD.

TEMPORARY TRANSFER RECEIPT No. 22/5096 of the abovementioned Company for 50 deferred shares Nos. 5687884|5688383 standing in the name of Mrs. Vimal Pratap has been LOST and the undersigned has applied to the Company for the issue of duplicate of the said temporary transfer receipt.

Any person having any objection to the India United Mills, Ltd., issuing duplicate of the said temporary transfer receipt should lodge such objection with the Company at its Registered Office at E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within one month from this date; otherwise the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate temporary transfer receipt.

Signature:
MRS. VIMAL PRATAP.
Dated: 19-3-45. 7611

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

STORES DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of C. I. bases for Strainers at Tulsi Lake, which should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant not later than 1 P. M. (B. T.) on Wednesday, the 4th April 1945, together with an earnest money deposit of Rs. 300/-. The forms of Contract, Specifications etc. will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2/-.

Tenders must be brought duly sealed to the Municipal Office and delivered at the Chief Accountant's Office as directed above. Tenderers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their tenders at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal Office.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

A. H. K. SHAIKH, Controller of Stores.

566, DeLisle Road, Bombay. Dated the 19th March, 1945. (2533)

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 25th March to 20th April, 1945, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

M. R. BHARUCHA, Secretary.

Bombay, 15th March, 1945. (2548)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

SETH G. S. MEDICAL COLLEGE, PAREL, BOMBAY 12.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Registered Medical Practitioners for the following posts at the K. E. M Hospital and Seth G. S. Medical College. Only persons, holding post-graduate qualifications, and with experience in their respective specialities need apply. The terms and conditions attached to the posts will be furnished by the Dean's office on application:—

1. One post of Honorary Lecturer in Psychiatry.
2. One post of Honorary Assistant Surgeon.
3. One post of Honorary Assistant Dermatologist and Venereologist.
4. One post of Honorary Assistant Radiologist.
5. One post of Honorary Assistant Physician.

Applications, on the prescribed form, which can be obtained from the Dean's office on payment of annas eight should reach the undersigned, on or before the 31st March 1945.

Canvassing, directly or indirectly, will disqualify the candidate for appointment.

R. P. KOPPIKAR, M.S., F.C.P.S. (Bom.) DEAN.

Parel, Bombay 12.
Dated 3rd March, 1945. (2424)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Law Graduates for the post of Civil Judge, Banswara State now temporarily vacant. Four or five years' Legal or Judicial experience necessary. Starting salary Rs. 125|- p. m. with Provident Fund benefit. In the first instance appointment will be on one year's probation. If made permanent the grade will be Rs. 140-10-250. Apply with full particulars before 15th April to the Chief Secretary, Banswara State (Rajputana). 2532

NOTIFICATION

OWING to a sudden rise in the number of candidates at the Inter-Arts, Inter-Science, Inter-Commerce and the B.-Com. examinations, it has become incumbent on the University to hold some of these examinations in the northern part of the city, as the accommodation available in the colleges in the South is not sufficient. Accordingly, some of the candidates at the Inter-Science examination will be accommodated in the Ramnarain Ruia and the R. A. Podar Colleges at Dadar. The Inter-Arts, the Inter-Commerce and the B.Com. examinations will be held at the usual places in the South. Details about the numbers accommodated in each of the places of examination are as under:—

INTER ARTS		
(1) St. Xavier's College	Nos. 1	897
(2) Convocation Hall	„ 898	1103
(3) Elphinstone College	„ 1104	1363
INTER-SCIENCE		
(1) Elphinstone College	„ 1	450
(2) Ramnarain Ruia College	„ 451	1141
(3) R. A. Podar College	„ 1142	1523
INTER COM.		
(1) Sydenham College	„ 1	414
(2) Sukhadwala Bldg.	„ 415	640
B. COM.		
(1) Wilson College	„ 1	385

S. R. DONGERKERY, Registrar, University of Bombay.

14th March, 1945. (2529)

PROCLAMATION.

BOMBAY TO WIT:—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice that the Second Sessions of 1945 of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay at the Court House on Monday, the 19th March 1945 at 11-15 O'clock in the forenoon for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjuries, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and offences committed within its Jurisdiction. (For further particulars see Bombay Government Gazette Part II dated 8th March 1945, page 164).

Dated this 17th day of March, 1945.

J. B. GREAVES, Sheriff of Bombay.

N.B.—(1) It is hereby notified that the First Criminal Sessions of 1945 which commenced on 12th February 1945 has this day been dissolved.

Dated this 17th day of March 1945.

(2) Special Jurors summoned for the ensuing Criminal Sessions which will commence as proclaimed above on Monday, the 19th March 1945 at 11-15 A.M. are required to attend the High Court on that day at 11-30 A. M. (S.T.) Common Jurors need not attend on that day but must watch the papers to see when their attendance is required. (2534)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. VALIMAHOMED HAJI ALLARAKHIA and GULAMHUSEIN HAJI ALLARAKHIA, both of Bombay Khoja Muslim inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

Any person having any claim against or to the said property of whatsoever kind are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36 Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:—

ALL those pieces of lands with dwelling houses standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the West side of Parel Road (Bhendy Bazar) in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 336 square yards and bearing Collector's New No. 9374—New Survey No. 4526, Cadastral Survey Nos. 4339 and 4340 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal C Ward Nos. 7947 and 8105 and Street Nos. 9 to 15, 6 to 12 and 1 to 9 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on the East by the said Parel Road, on the West by the sweeper's passage, on the North by the Street formerly called Munshi Yacub Street and now called Bapty Road and on the South by the property of Pirojbai widow of Aslaji and Manecki Aslaji.

Bombay dated this 16th day of March, 1945.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO., Purchaser's Attorneys. 2528

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AUCTION SALES

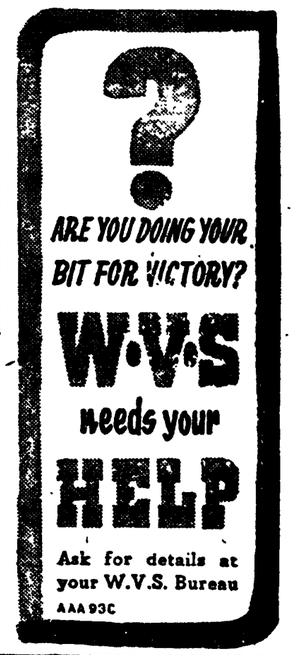
SALE TO-DAY.

The sale of RUBIES & SAPPHIRES at the risk and account of Mr. Samuel Moussaieff of New York will take place TO-DAY 19th March 1945 at 3 p.m. at the sale room of the undersigned as advertised in "Times of India" of 13th & "Bombay Chronicle" of 15th instant.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., Auctioneers, 123, Medows Street, Bombay.

ONE PORTABLE ENGINE 20 N.H.P. two cylinder with boiler 120 working Presser with current certificate No. BY 4889 (maker Ransome Simms Jefferies) will be sold by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY the 28th February, 1945, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at 86A Sukhlaji Street, Kamathipura by order of Mr. Dawoodbhoy Noorbhoy Choonia and on account and at the risk of Messrs. N. K. Chemical Industries, Ltd. New Delhi and Malad.

MENESSE & CO.



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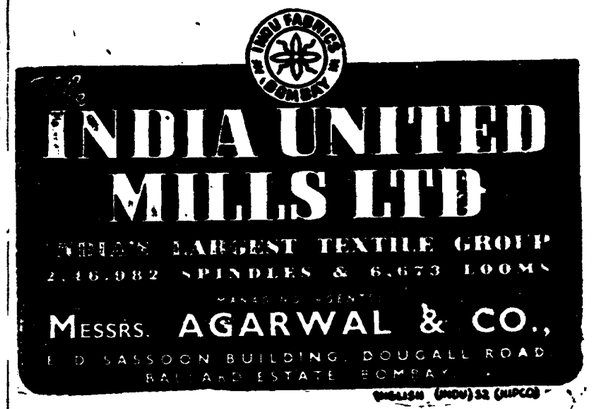
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